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ST. LOUIS, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 27, 1939.—16 PAGES.

MARSHAL JOFFRE
DANGEROUSLY ILL;
LEG IS AMPUTATEDOperation Performed Last
Saturday Is Disclosed,
With Statement There Is
Little Hope.HERO OF MARNE
HAS ARTHRITISWife Prevented Earlier An-
nouncement of Condition
—His Whereabouts Not
Disclosed.

PARIS, Dec. 27.—With one leg amputated because of gangrene developing in the advanced stages of arthritis, Marshal Joffre, victor of the Marne, lay tonight between life and death, and his doctors appeared to hold little hope for his recovery.

There was an air of mystery about the illness, for physicians declined to say where the patient was. They disclosed, however, that the amputation was performed Saturday, and that Mme. Joffre persistently had refused to permit announcement of her husband's condition.

The operation took place last Sunday at the private hospital of St. Jean de Dieu, where the Marshal was taken when his condition became alarming.

Amputation was imperative, said Dr. Beulin, who has attended Marshal Joffre since the beginning of his illness several months ago. The patient's arteries were inflamed to such a degree, the doctor said, that gangrene, which often develops in advanced stages of this disease, threatened the Marshal's life.

It was the right leg which was amputated because of the patient's advanced age—he is nearly 75 years old—and his generally advanced condition, there appeared the faint hope that he could pull through.

Physicians held a consultation at the home this morning and issued this bulletin:

"Marshal Joffre for several days has suffered an inflammation of the arteries in the legs. This condition suddenly became aggravated and necessitated an urgent operation which was carried out by Prof. Leiche, who has attended the Marshal for some time. He was aided by Prof. Labbe and Dr. Beulin.

"After a momentary improvement which permitted everybody to become hopeful, the condition of Marshal Joffre has now become distressing. In fulfillment of his expressed wish, complete silence has been maintained up to now concerning the illness."

The communication was signed by J. L. Faure, Prof. Labbe, Dr. Beulin and Dr. Fontaine.

In a bulletin issued this evening, the Marshal's doctors said his condition remained unchanged, with pulse 75 and the temperature 38.2 degrees.

Successful Campaigns in Asia, Europe and Africa.

Marshal Joffre, whose full name was Joseph Louis Cesar Joffre, was 73 years of age Jan. 12 next. He has successfully led military campaigns in Asia, Africa and Europe.

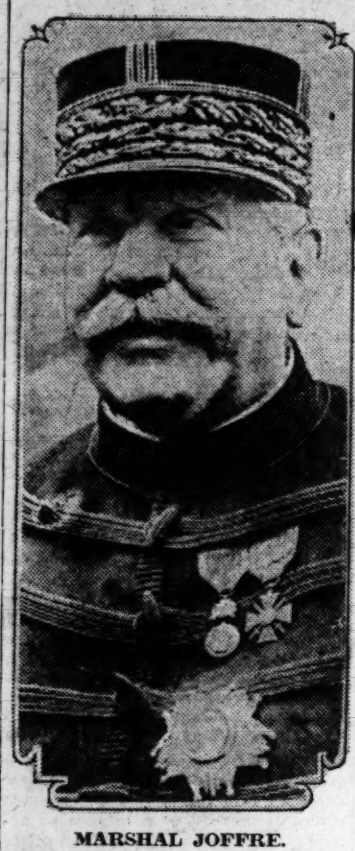
He was born in 1852 at Rivecourt, at the edge of the eastern Pyrenees. In Spanish lineage, he was one of 11 children. The Franco-German War interrupted his studies and he took part in the defense of Paris in 1870.

After the loss of his first wife he married a transfer to Indochina and aided in the occupation of Formosa in 1895, remaining three years at Hanoi as chief of engineers. In 1892 he was sent to Senegal and in 1893 led a column on Timbuctoo, entering the town on Feb. 12, 1894, after marching nearly 600 miles.

He became a General of Brigade in 1898 and a General of Division in 1900, and was called to the Superior War Council in 1910. In 1911 he became chief of staff and member of the Council. He was the President of the Council. He took up the post of Commander in Chief of the French army on Aug. 1, 1914, two days after Germany declared war on France, and thereafter for two years the history of the war was his story. His greatest victory, perhaps, was on Sept. 6 when he threw the Germans back on the Marne in the memorable battle of the Marne.

With the replacement of Millerand as Minister of War on Oct. 26, 1918, by Gen. Gallieni, military Governor of Paris, Gen. Joffre resumed the supreme command of the French armies. A campaign against the indecisive result of the great allied battle on the Marne he was made technical ad-

MARNE HERO ILL



MARSHAL JOFFRE.

AUTOMATIC TRAFFIC SIGNAL
TO HAVE NEW TIMING DEVICESystem at Kingshighway and Arsenal to Alter Periods to Suit
Different Times of Day.

The automatic traffic signal at the intersection of Kingshighway and Arsenal street, which is expected to be placed in service Monday, will have a timing device novel in St. Louis. By means of this control the various periods indicated by the signal will be altered to suit different times of day and on Saturdays and Sundays will vary from the setting of other days.

Daily from 6 a. m. to midnight the signal system will be in use. From Monday to Friday there will be especially long periods in the morning and evening rush hours for heavy traffic in Arsenal street and after 7 p. m. there will be long periods for the great volume of vehicles in Kingshighway. In the rush hours special provision will be made for through and left-turn movements in Kingshighway also. On Saturdays there will be changes in the afternoon to accommodate traffic. On Sundays between 2 and 7 p. m. through and left-turn traffic in Kingshighway will receive extra consideration but after 7 p. m. a longer period will be given Arsenal for traffic from the country.

HOOVER WILLING TO DEDICATE
HARDING MEMORIAL, IF ASKEDCeremony Long Held Up by Failure
of President or Coolidge
to Set Date.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 27.—It was said at the White House last night that President Hoover would participate in dedicating the Marlon (O.) memorial to Warren G. Harding if he is invited. The dedication has been held up for a long time and no date for the ceremony has yet been set.

Harding became President in 1921 and died in 1923. He appointed Hoover Secretary of Commerce at the beginning of his term.

FRANCO SAILS FOR ANTWERP

Spanish Revolutionist a Steerage
Passenger From Lisbon.

LISBON, Portugal, Dec. 27.—Maj. Ramon Franco, in striking contrast with his triumphal arrival in Lisbon after his flight to South America a few years ago, left here last night for Antwerp as a steerage passenger. With him was his friend and mechanic, Pablo Rada, who with Franco escaped from Spain after their revolutionary attempt of 10 days ago.

Franco looked the typical emigrant. He said he had no plans for the immediate future but would probably seek employment in the Dornier or Zeppelin works in Germany, failing which he would take sanctuary in Paris.

EDISON GIVES DICTAPHONE TO POPE

VATICAN CITY, Dec. 27.—Among the most prized Christmas gifts received by the Pope was an apparatus for recording dictation, sent by Thomas A. Edison.

The Pontiff experimented with the machine and today sent a message of appreciation to the inventor, to whom he also awarded the annual papal medal in gold.

16 MEN ARRESTED
IN SHOOTING OF
YOUNG GANGSTERSix Sicilians Still Questioned
About Attack on
William Lombardo in
Front of Carr Street HomeVICTIM IN HOSPITAL,
GRAVELY WOUNDEDYouth Said to Have Been in
Quarrel Over Whisky
Deal — Held 50 Times,
Never Convicted.

William Lombardo, 19-year-old Sicilian gangster shot yesterday afternoon in front of his home at 1511 Carr street, has only a slight chance of recovery, physicians at Missouri Baptist Hospital reported to police today.

Lombardo was shot six or seven times. Two bullets were removed from his body less than an hour after the shooting. The usual roundup of friends and enemies of the wounded man was made last night, and six Sicilian gangsters, of 16 arrested, were still held today for further questioning.

Although no witness caught more than a glimpse of the shooting, it is apparent from their statements, as well as the statement of Lombardo himself, that he was shot by two or three men who drove up to the curb in an automobile as Lombardo was entering his home.

Two children who were playing in the street near by told policemen that seven shots were fired at the gangster at short range before the assassins drove away in a large blue sedan. Lombardo's sister, Jennie, helping her mother with the family washing in the basement, heard the first shots and looked out in time to see a man in an automobile fire a single shot at her brother from a pistol. Except that she was sure he wore a gray hat, she was unable to describe him.

Saw No One, Victim Says.

Lombardo told policemen he was returning to his home after having spent the night with a companion in a downtown hotel.

"I just got out of my car and started for the house when someone shot me," he told detectives. "I didn't see who it was. I never saw anybody."

He was dragged into the house by his sisters and his mother, who found him on the sidewalk trying to crawl up on the front steps.

Police Captain Frank Nally was informed recently that Lombardo had had a quarrel with his partner in a whisky deal, which may have led to the shooting.

Lombardo had been arrested more than 50 times and was one of the men picked up in a wholesale drive on narcotic peddlers and wholesalers on Dec. 5. So far as police records show he has never been convicted of a crime.

"WINGIE" COX, PAL OF SLAIN GANGSTER, MULCONRY, ARRESTED

"Wingie" Cox, one-armed Cuckoo gangster for whom police were looking since his pal, Lou Mulconry, was killed in a gang shooting on Dec. 19, was arrested last night at Sixth and Olive streets when, drunk and quarrelsome, he got into a dispute with an elderly man who was also drunk.

Patrolman Hancock, hurrying to the scene to separate the antagonists before blows were struck, arrested Cox when he recognized him as the wanted gangster.

Although a one-armed man was seen by many witnesses to run from Mulconry's automobile as Mulconry fought for his life at Weber tracks, Cox stoutly declared that when the fight occurred he was "anywhere but there."

An examination by City Hospital physicians failed to disclose any wounds except that caused by a machine gun bullet when he was attacked on Nov. 7 as he left his friend and mechanic, Pablo Rada, who with Franco escaped from Spain after their revolutionary attempt of 10 days ago.

CHINESE CLOSE MISSION SCHOOL

Allege Americans' Teachings Are
Contrary to Regulations.

CANTON, China, Dec. 27.—Alleging the school was teaching Christianity contrary to National government regulations, Kwangtung provincial authorities today closed the American Southern Baptist primary school at Shichow, north of here.

The Nationalist government had prohibited religious instruction in foreign mission schools in China. One hundred pupils attended the school. Headquarters of the mission is at Richmond, Va.

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TONIGHT, SLIGHTLY
COLDER SUNDAYTHE TEMPERATURES.
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P. S. CO. BEGINS

Industrial Experts Urge Adjustment "for Long Pull on Road to Recovery"

By the Associated Press.
NEW YORK, Dec. 27.—A moderate upswing in business during the early months of 1931 is forecast from a symposium of

"Since it seems obvious that recovery will probably be very gradual and may be upon us before we are aware of it," the statement

Defining the term "normal" as an average between the bottom of the depression and the peak of the recent prosperity, the statement adds "It is this kind of normal

Dr. Benjamin M. Anderson, J. economist of the Chase National Bank, says in a year-end statement

that stocks of goods are running very low, which insures an eventual marked upturn in business.

"Stocks of finished goods are running very low. This insures a marked upturn in business (which I cannot date) from present conditions."

"Our exports are caught in a vise, between high protective tariffs on the one hand and the heavy debts of the outside world to us on the other.

"The commercial credit situation is very strong. Most important businesses have limited debt and a strong cash position."

**Ohio Steel Mills to Call Back 20
Men Next Week.**
by the Associated Press.
YOUNGSTOWN, O., Dec. 21.—
Steel mills of the Youngstown dis-
trict will call 2000 men back to
work next week, operating sched-
ules announced today disclosed.
The largest increase will be
the sheet mills, which show

Two blast furnaces will be blown by Republic Steel Corporation, the other by Youngstown Sheet and Tube Co. Two additional stacks are expected to be put to service soon.

PRECISION FAVORS VETERAN

S. Judge Rules They May Inspect Bureau Records in Their Suits.

the Associated Press.

SEATTLE, Wash., Dec. 27.—Federal service men who have sued the government over their war risk insurance policies are given authority to examine records of the U. S.

The decision, attorneys said, will have a far-reaching effect in that many war risk insurance suits pending throughout the country.

Series of Thefts.
The Associated Press.
GRANADA, Spain, Dec. 27. —
After robbers had visited virtually
everybody in this town made famous
by the tales of the Alhambra,
merchants decided to meet the marauders
with a bit of humor. Every
day the business receipts were
hidden elsewhere and cash drawn

DO
5025 Delmar, Dining,
Dancing, Entertaining
From 10 till ?
Mao "Red" Carter
HENRY MAYER, Smiling Nonstop.
NETT SCHAFFER, Personality girl.
RUBBY VERNON, Leda Sweetheart.
\$5 a Plate - Favored
Reservations, FO. 6314

Cold Wave Coming!
USE "DUNCANITE"
FOR RADIATOR
\$1.50 Per Gallon
Zero With One Filling
Monteau Ave. GARfield 1062

Salvation Army Rabbits Stolen.
Special to the Post-Dispatch.
WICHITA, Kan., Dec. 27.—
Nearly 600 men yesterday staged a
rabbit hunt for the Salvation Army
of Wichita, which is feeding close
to 3000 families. Approximately
200 rabbits-bagged in the morning
were left in a pile. Returning with
277 more to the point where the
other rabbits had been left, the

west of Tampa, a
adrift for 19 hours
with only a meager
and water. Three
survivors before
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them two hours o

FOUR MEN HURT

Four men were
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DUCTION IS ANNOUNCED
Get Quotas at Field in London.
27.—Plans for an art reduction program about 30 per cent output were made in a letter to the Producers' Association by William Peat, Executive Committee.
28.—A quota system will be retroactive to a necessary legislative act until later and of 1932, during which the quota will be changed to 40 per cent of the production.
WALD-POST RECEIVERSHIP
Says Company, of Banks, Its Debts.
27.—The Post was placed yesterday in receivership, Ben S. Wald, president, said. His bond, \$100,000, he said, was published as usual. He said the receivership was not a failure, but a necessary step to protect the interests of the company and its creditors.
INTEREST RATES
In New York Follows Federal Reserve Bank.
27.—The New York Federal Reserve bank yesterday announced a reduction in interest rates on member banks' deposits. The rate on deposits of \$100,000 and over was reduced from 4 to 3 1/2 per cent. The rate on deposits of \$25,000 and over was reduced from 3 1/2 to 3 per cent. The rate on deposits of \$10,000 and over was reduced from 3 to 2 1/2 per cent. The rate on deposits of \$5,000 and over was reduced from 2 1/2 to 2 per cent. The rate on deposits of \$1,000 and over was reduced from 2 to 1 1/2 per cent. The rate on deposits of \$500 and over was reduced from 1 1/2 to 1 per cent. The rate on deposits of \$100 and over was reduced from 1 to 1/2 per cent. The rate on deposits of \$50 and over was reduced from 1/2 to 1/4 per cent. The rate on deposits of \$25 and over was reduced from 1/4 to 1/8 per cent. The rate on deposits of \$10 and over was reduced from 1/8 to 1/16 per cent. The rate on deposits of \$5 and over was reduced from 1/16 to 1/32 per cent. The rate on deposits of \$1 and over was reduced from 1/32 to 1/64 per cent. The rate on deposits of \$0.50 and over was reduced from 1/64 to 1/128 per cent. The rate on deposits of \$0.25 and over was reduced from 1/128 to 1/256 per cent. The rate on deposits of \$0.10 and over was reduced from 1/256 to 1/512 per cent. The rate on deposits of \$0.05 and over was reduced from 1/512 to 1/1024 per cent. The rate on deposits of \$0.01 and over was reduced from 1/1024 to 1/2048 per cent. The rate on deposits of \$0.005 and over was reduced from 1/2048 to 1/4096 per cent. The rate on deposits of \$0.001 and over was reduced from 1/4096 to 1/8192 per cent. The rate on deposits of \$0.0005 and over was reduced from 1/8192 to 1/16384 per cent. The rate on deposits of \$0.0001 and over was reduced from 1/16384 to 1/32768 per cent. The rate on deposits of \$0.00005 and over was reduced from 1/32768 to 1/65536 per cent. The rate on deposits of \$0.00001 and over was reduced from 1/65536 to 1/131072 per cent. The rate on deposits of \$0.000005 and over was reduced from 1/131072 to 1/262144 per cent. The rate on deposits of \$0.000001 and over was reduced from 1/262144 to 1/524288 per cent. The rate on deposits of \$0.0000005 and over was reduced from 1/524288 to 1/1048576 per cent. The rate on deposits of \$0.0000001 and over was reduced from 1/1048576 to 1/2097152 per cent. The rate on deposits of \$0.00000005 and over was reduced from 1/2097152 to 1/4194304 per cent. The rate on deposits of \$0.00000001 and over was reduced from 1/4194304 to 1/8388608 per cent. The rate on deposits of \$0.000000005 and over was reduced from 1/8388608 to 1/16777216 per cent. The rate on deposits of \$0.000000001 and over was reduced from 1/16777216 to 1/33554432 per cent. The rate on deposits of \$0.0000000005 and over was reduced from 1/33554432 to 1/67108864 per cent. The rate on deposits of \$0.0000000001 and over was reduced from 1/67108864 to 1/134217728 per cent. The rate on deposits of \$0.00000000005 and over was reduced from 1/134217728 to 1/268435456 per cent. The rate on deposits of \$0.00000000001 and over was reduced from 1/268435456 to 1/536870912 per cent. The rate on deposits of \$0.000000000005 and over was reduced from 1/536870912 to 1/1073741824 per cent. The rate on deposits of \$0.000000000001 and over was reduced from 1/1073741824 to 1/2147483648 per cent. The rate on deposits of \$0.0000000000005 and over was reduced from 1/2147483648 to 1/4294967296 per cent. The rate on deposits of \$0.0000000000001 and over was reduced from 1/4294967296 to 1/8589934592 per cent. The rate on deposits of \$0.00000000000005 and over was reduced from 1/8589934592 to 1/17179869184 per cent. The rate on deposits of \$0.00000000000001 and over was reduced from 1/17179869184 to 1/34359738368 per cent. The rate on deposits of \$0.000000000000005 and over was reduced from 1/34359738368 to 1/68719476736 per cent. The rate on deposits of \$0.000000000000001 and over was reduced from 1/68719476736 to 1/137438953472 per cent. The rate on deposits of \$0.0000000000000005 and over was reduced from 1/137438953472 to 1/274877906944 per cent. The rate on deposits of \$0.0000000000000001 and over was reduced from 1/274877906944 to 1/549755813888 per cent. The rate on deposits of \$0.00000000000000005 and over was reduced from 1/549755813888 to 1/1099511627776 per cent. The rate on deposits of \$0.00000000000000001 and over was reduced from 1/1099511627776 to 1/2199023255552 per cent. The rate on deposits of \$0.000000000000000005 and over was reduced from 1/2199023255552 to 1/4398046511104 per cent. The rate on deposits of \$0.000000000000000001 and over was reduced from 1/4398046511104 to 1/8796093022208 per cent. The rate on deposits of \$0.0000000000000000005 and over was reduced from 1/8796093022208 to 1/17592186044416 per cent. The rate on deposits of \$0.0000000000000000001 and over was reduced from 1/17592186044416 to 1/35184372088832 per cent. The rate on deposits of \$0.00000000000000000005 and over was reduced from 1/35184372088832 to 1/70368744177664 per cent. The rate on deposits of \$0.00000000000000000001 and over was reduced from 1/70368744177664 to 1/140737488355328 per cent. The rate on deposits of \$0.000000000000000000005 and over was reduced from 1/140737488355328 to 1/281474976710656 per cent. The rate on deposits of \$0.000000000000000000001 and over was reduced from 1/281474976710656 to 1/562949953421312 per cent. The rate on deposits of \$0.0000000000000000000005 and over was reduced from 1/562949953421312 to 1/1125899906842624 per cent. The rate on deposits of \$0.0000000000000000000001 and over was reduced from 1/1125899906842624 to 1/2251799813685248 per cent. The rate on deposits of \$0.00000000000000000000005 and over was reduced from 1/2251799813685248 to 1/4503599627370496 per cent. The rate on deposits of \$0.00000000000000000000001 and over was reduced from 1/4503599627370496 to 1/9007199254740992 per cent. The rate on deposits of \$0.000000000000000000000005 and over was reduced from 1/9007199254740992 to 1/18014398509481984 per cent. The rate on deposits of \$0.000000000000000000000001 and over was reduced from 1/18014398509481984 to 1/36028797018963968 per cent. The rate on deposits of \$0.0000000000000000000000005 and over was reduced from 1/36028797018963968 to 1/72057594037927936 per cent. The rate on deposits of \$0.0000000000000000000000001 and over was reduced from 1/72057594037927936 to 1/144115188075855872 per cent. The rate on deposits of \$0.00000000000000000000000005 and over was reduced from 1/144115188075855872 to 1/288230376151711744 per cent. The rate on deposits of \$0.00000000000000000000000001 and over was reduced from 1/288230376151711744 to 1/576460752303423488 per cent. The rate on deposits of \$0.000000000000000000000000005 and over was reduced from 1/576460752303423488 to 1/1152921504606846976 per cent. The rate on deposits of \$0.000000000000000000000000001 and over was reduced from 1/1152921504606846976 to 1/2305843009213693952 per cent. The rate on deposits of \$0.0000000000000000000000000005 and over was reduced from 1/2305843009213693952 to 1/4611686018427387904 per cent. The rate on deposits of \$0.0000000000000000000000000001 and over was reduced from 1/4611686018427387904 to 1/9223372036854775808 per cent. The rate on deposits of \$0.00000000000000000000000000005 and over was reduced from 1/9223372036854775808 to 1/18446744073709551616 per cent. The rate on deposits of \$0.00000000000000000000000000001 and over was reduced from 1/18446744073709551616 to 1/36893488147419103232 per cent. The rate on deposits of \$0.000000000000000000000000000005 and over was reduced from 1/36893488147419103232 to 1/73786976294838206464 per cent. The rate on deposits of \$0.000000000000000000000000000001 and over was reduced from 1/73786976294838206464 to 1/147573952589676412928 per cent. The rate on deposits of \$0.0000000000000000000000000000005 and over was reduced from 1/147573952589676412928 to 1/295147905179352825856 per cent. The rate on deposits of \$0.0000000000000000000000000000001 and over was reduced from 1/295147905179352825856 to 1/590295810358705651712 per cent. The rate on deposits of \$0.00000000000000000000000000000005 and over was reduced from 1/590295810358705651712 to 1/1180591620717411303424 per cent. The rate on deposits of \$0.00000000000000000000000000000001 and over was reduced from 1/1180591620717411303424 to 1/2361183241434822606848 per cent. The rate on deposits of \$0.000000000000000000000000000000005 and over was reduced from 1/2361183241434822606848 to 1/4722366482869645213696 per cent. The rate on deposits of \$0.000000000000000000000000000000001 and over was reduced from 1/4722366482869645213696 to 1/9444732965739290427392 per cent. The rate on deposits of \$0.0000000000000000000000000000000005 and over was reduced from 1/9444732965739290427392 to 1/18889465931478580854784 per cent. The rate on deposits of \$0.0000000000000000000000000000000001 and over was reduced from 1/18889465931478580854784 to 1/37778931862957161709568 per cent. The rate on deposits of \$0.00000000000000000000000000000000005 and over was reduced from 1/37778931862957161709568 to 1/75557863725914323419136 per cent. The rate on deposits of \$0.00000000000000000000000000000000001 and over was reduced from 1/75557863725914323419136 to 1/151115727451828646838272 per cent. The rate on deposits of \$0.000000000000000000000000000000000005 and over was reduced from 1/151115727451828646838272 to 1/302231454903657293676544 per cent. The rate on deposits of \$0.000000000000000000000000000000000001 and over was reduced from 1/302231454903657293676544 to 1/604462909807314587353088 per cent. The rate on deposits of \$0.0000000000000000000000000000000000005 and over was reduced from 1/604462909807314587353088 to 1/1208925819614629174706176 per cent. The rate on deposits of \$0.0000000000000000000000000000000000001 and over was reduced from 1/1208925819614629174706176 to 1/2417851639229258349412352 per cent. The rate on deposits of \$0.00000000000000000000000000000000000005 and over was reduced from 1/2417851639229258349412352 to 1/4835703278458516698824704 per cent. The rate on deposits of \$0.00000000000000000000000000000000000001 and over was reduced from 1/4835703278458516698824704 to 1/9671406556917033397649408 per cent. The rate on deposits of \$0.000000000000000000000000000000000000005 and over was reduced from 1/9671406556917033397649408 to 1/19342813113834066795298816 per cent. The rate on deposits of \$0.000000000000000000000000000000000000001 and over was reduced from 1/19342813113834066795298816 to 1/38685626227668133590597632 per cent. The rate on deposits of \$0.0000000000000000000000000000000000000005 and over was reduced from 1/38685626227668133590597632 to 1/77371252455336267181195264 per cent. The rate on deposits of \$0.0000000000000000000000000000000000000001 and over was reduced from 1/77371252455336267181195264 to 1/154742504910672534362390528 per cent. The rate on deposits of \$0.005 and over was reduced from 1/154742504910672534362390528 to 1/309485009821345068724781056 per cent. The rate on deposits of \$0.001 and over was reduced from 1/309485009821345068724781056 to 1/618970019642690137449562112 per cent. The rate on deposits of \$0.0005 and over was reduced from 1/618970019642690137449562112 to 1/1237940039285380274899124224 per cent. The rate on deposits of \$0.0001 and over was reduced from 1/1237940039285380274899124224 to 1/2475880078570760549798248448 per cent. The rate on deposits of \$0.005 and over was reduced from 1/2475880078570760549798248448 to 1/4951760157141521099596496896 per cent. The rate on deposits of \$0.001 and over was reduced from 1/4951760157141521099596496896 to 1/9903520314283042199192993792 per cent. The rate on deposits of \$0.0005 and over was reduced from 1/9903520314283042199192993792 to 1/19807040628566084398385987584 per cent. The rate on deposits of \$0.0001 and over was reduced from 1/19807040628566084398385987584 to 1/39614081257132168796771975168 per cent. The rate on deposits of \$0.005 and over was reduced from 1/39614081257132168796771975168 to 1/79228162514264337593543950336 per cent. The rate on deposits of \$0.001 and over was reduced from 1/79228162514264337593543950336 to 1/158456325028528675187087900672 per cent. The rate on deposits of \$0.0005 and over was reduced from 1/158456325028528675187087900672 to 1/316912650057057350374175801344 per cent. The rate on deposits of \$0.0001 and over was reduced from 1/316912650057057350374175801344 to 1/633825300114114700748351602688 per cent. The rate on deposits of \$0.005 and over was reduced from 1/633825300114114700748351602688 to 1/1267650600228229401496703205376 per cent. The rate on deposits of \$0.001 and over was reduced from 1/1267650600228229401496703205376 to 1/2535301200456458802993406410752 per cent. The rate on deposits of \$0.0005 and over was reduced from 1/2535301200456458802993406410752 to 1/5070602400912917605986812821504 per cent. The rate on deposits of \$0.0001 and over was reduced from 1/5070602400912917605986812821504 to 1/10141204801825835211973625643008 per cent. The rate on deposits of \$0.005 and over was reduced from 1/10141204801825835211973625643008 to 1/20282409603651670423947251286016 per cent. The rate on deposits of \$0.001 and over was reduced from 1/20282409603651670423947251286016 to 1/40564819207303340847894502572032 per cent. The rate on deposits of \$0.0005 and over was reduced from 1/40564819207303340847894502572032 to 1/81129638414606681695789005144064 per cent. The rate on deposits of \$0.0001 and over was reduced from 1/81129638414606681695789005144064 to 1/162259276829213363391578010288128 per cent. The rate on deposits of \$0.005 and over was reduced from 1/162259276829213363391578010288128 to 1/324518553658426726783156020576256 per cent. The rate on deposits of \$0.001 and over was reduced from 1/324518553658426726783156020576256 to 1/649037107316853453566312041152512 per cent. The rate on deposits of \$0.0005 and over was reduced from 1/649037107316853453566312041152512 to 1/1298074214633706907132624082305024 per cent. The rate on deposits of \$0.0001 and over was reduced from 1/1298074214633706907132624082305024 to 1/2596148429267413814265248164610048 per cent. The rate on deposits of \$0.005 and over was reduced from 1/2596148429267413814265248164610048 to 1/5192296858534827628530496329220096 per cent. The rate on deposits of \$0.001 and over was reduced from 1/5192296858534827628530496329220096 to 1/10384593717069655257060992658440192 per cent. The rate on deposits of \$0.0005 and over was reduced from 1/10384593717069655257060992658440192 to 1/20769187434139310514121985316880384 per cent. The rate on deposits of \$0.0001 and over was reduced from 1/20769187434139310514121985316880384 to 1/41538374868278621028243970633760768 per cent. The rate on deposits of \$0.005 and over was reduced from 1/41538374868278621028243970633760768 to 1/83076749736557242056487941267521536 per cent. The rate on deposits of \$0.001 and over was reduced from 1/83076749736557242056487941267521536 to 1/166153499473114484112975882535043072 per cent. The rate on deposits of \$0.0005 and over was reduced from 1/166153499473114484112975882535043072 to 1/332306998946228968225951765070086144 per cent. The rate on deposits of \$0.0001 and over was reduced from 1/332306998946228968225951765070086144 to 1/664613997892457936451903530140172288 per cent. The rate on deposits of \$0.005 and over was reduced from 1/664613997892457936451903530140172288 to 1/1329227995784915872903807060280344576 per cent. The rate on deposits of \$0.001 and over was reduced from 1/1329227995784915872903807060280344576 to 1/2658455991569831745807614120560689152 per cent. The rate on deposits of \$0.0005 and over was reduced from 1/2658455991569831745807614120560689152 to 1/5316911983139663491615228241121378304 per cent. The rate on deposits of \$0.0001 and over was reduced from 1/5316911983139663491615228241121378304 to 1/10633823966279326983230456482242756608 per cent. The rate on deposits of \$0.005 and over was reduced from 1/10633823966279326983230456482242756608 to 1/21267647932558653966460912964485513216 per cent. The rate on deposits of \$0.0001 and over was reduced from 1/21267647932558653966460912964485513216 to 1/42535295865117307932921825928971026432 per cent. The rate on deposits of \$0.005 and over was reduced from 1/42535295865117307932921825928971026432 to 1/85070591730234615865843651857942052864 per cent. The rate on deposits of \$0.001 and over was reduced from 1/85070591730234615865843651857942052864 to 1/170141183460469231731687303715884105728 per cent. The rate on deposits of \$0.0005 and over was reduced from 1/170141183460469231731687303715884105728 to 1/340282366920938463463374607431762211456 per cent. The rate on deposits of \$0.0001 and over was reduced from 1/340282366920938463463374607431762211456 to 1/680564733841876926926749214863524422912 per cent. The rate on deposits of \$0.000000000000

ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH

Founded by JOSEPH PULITZER
December 12, 1878
Published by
The Pulitzer Publishing Company
Twelfth Boulevard and Olive Street

THE POST-DISPATCH PLATFORM

I know that my retirement will make no difference in its cardinal principles; that it will always fight for progress and reform, never tolerate injustice or corruption, always fight for the rights of the people, never belong to any party, always oppose privileged classes and public plunderers, never lack sympathy with the poor, always remain devoted to the public welfare, never be satisfied with merely printing news; always be drastically independent; never be afraid to attack wrong, whether by legislative, literary, or any other means.

JOSEPH PULITZER.
April 10, 1907.

LETTERS FROM THE PEOPLE

The name and address of the author must accompany every contribution, but on request will not be published. Letters not exceeding 200 words will receive preference.

A Reply to Mr. Nolte's Critics.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:
VERY once in a while there appears in your paper a criticism of Comptroller Nolte's objection to proposals involving the expenditure of sums from the City Treasury. I wonder if those critics are fully familiar with the provisions of the City Charter which regulate the conduct of the important office he so well fills?

The Comptroller is specifically charged with maintaining the credit of the city; he is directed as to how and under what conditions he may draw his warrants on the City Treasurer, and to insure the faithful performance of his trust he is required to furnish a bond of not less than \$200,000. Thus Mr. Nolte must confine himself within the limits prescribed, under severe penalties if he does not.

Because he does obey the mandate of the people conscientiously, with a sole idea of protecting the interest of the taxpayer, it seems in rather bad taste to criticize his fidelity to the trust reposed in him by referring to him as a tightwad and similar phrases.

It should be remembered that Mr. Nolte, as Comptroller, is handling other people's money. He is expected to do it (and does) that the people get value received and that the administration lives within its income. Many a sad story has been written around individuals, firms and corporations that lived beyond their income. Their misdeeds were written of the Comptroller, so long as Louis Nolte fills that office and continues to use the same good, sound judgment he always has.

CHAS. HERTENSTEIN.

How to Start a Building Revival.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:
FOR a solid year now, in every issue of the Mirror, the writer has advocated a building program such as is indicated at present by the Industrial Club. St. Louis has more dilapidated and neglected property than any other city of its size in the nation. There are undoubtedly thousands of property owners in St. Louis today who would like to make repairs, but who have not the ready cash to do so. It is literally impossible to borrow money for improvements at reasonable rates. Just assume the average owner of real estate that he can borrow money at reasonable rates, and we will be pleasantly shocked by the building revival.

HARRY B. WINKLER.
Editor, the Mirror.

Asks Fair Trial for Prohibition.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:
THERE are two sides to everything. Prohibition is no exception to this rule. I think that in a country where the people as a whole are supposed to stand for the best interests of all, that both sides of a question should be heard and that then a just decision should be derived therefrom, without the usual mulling of the dregs and the wets. This is what I like about the Post-Dispatch. It assumes an air of neutrality on the question, and will just as soon print an article from a reader who is wet as from one who is dry.

About the eighteenth amendment, I admit that there are many faults in the enforcement of it and that there is much violation. On the other hand, knocking isn't going to help. It is always easier to criticize than it is to reform. Prohibition has resulted in the disappearance of the saloon, a good thing, but it has also created another problem, that of the bootlegger. This problem it think it will solve in time to come. If it doesn't, the eighteenth amendment should be repealed, but certainly not until it has had a fair trial. Besides, it is always harder to repeal an amendment than to adopt one.

Prohibition at its worst is better than whisky at its best. Therefore, I hope the American people will wait and give this important problem time to work out the existing evils.

NELSON HOUSL.

1930's Biggest News Stories.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:
THE manager of the Associated Press has issued a list of the 10 outstanding news stories for the year 1930. How would the average reader form such a list? As a constant reader of Associated Press dispatches, I am shocked at the 10 items as I recollect them in relation to their importance to the nation.

(1) Hooverism; (2) Inflated stocks and results; (3) drought; (4) new tariff rates; (5) prohibition; (6) Al Capone; (7) Rothstein; (8) Mayor Thompson's lottery; (9) Columbus penitentiary fire; (10) unemployment.

The Associated Press head didn't arrange his list according to importance. My list is based on actual conditions and I have listed them according to their pressure on the country.

I think your readers will agree with me that they can find the answer to our present depression, crime and greed have the above listed diseases.

PROSPERITY.

ST. LOUIS AND NATURAL GAS.

I would like for St. Louis homes to have natural gas. I think it would be a great thing for the city, and I have been hoping that some new company with an ample supply of gas would come along and ask for a franchise.

—MAYOR MILLER.

We agree with the Mayor that it would be a good thing for a city in which both property and health are being damaged by smoke, but we do not share the expectation that some new company is going to enter the field against Laclede Gas Light Co. Laclede has a complete distributing plant in the city. To duplicate it would be to open every street in St. Louis. The injury to pavements would make such an operation so costly that it could not be thought of except as a last resort.

We have been slow to believe that Laclede will push the city to such lengths. Why should it do so? If it fears that to distribute natural gas would render obsolete its present gas-making plant and thus reduce the valuation it enjoys for rate-making purposes, the answer is that in the present situation that peril is unlikely. The natural gas supply would have to have the present plant behind it as a safeguard against such hazards as very cold weather. In California idle gas-making plants have been removed from the assets of some of the companies with the coming of natural gas, but in those cases there are several pipe lines supplying natural gas. St. Louis has at this time only one pipe line supplying it.

The matter offers Mayor Miller an opportunity to fender a very signal service. He can appoint a committee of public officials and business men to investigate and report to him upon the best means of bringing natural gas into the city. We are far from giving up the Laclede company. Its business is not now and has not for some time been growing rapidly. It might conceivably enjoy great expansion by making natural gas available at costs within reach of the people. That is what the Insull people say they are going to do for Chicago, and if they can find it worth their while to do it for Chicago the Laclede company can profit by doing it in St. Louis.

Nobody imagines that natural gas would solve the smoke problem in St. Louis. It would only help to better the situation. The Mayor says it would be a great thing for the city. We wish to amend that by saying that it would be a great thing for his administration to do for the city. The price of natural gas at the wells from which so many pipelines are coming out of the Southwest is from 2 to 10 cents a thousand cubic feet. St. Louis industries are already getting it at costs as low as 25 cents a thousand cubic feet. The whole future of the natural gas industry, in which hundreds of millions of dollars are being invested, depends upon the reasonableness of the price to the consumer. Wherever it is languishing, as is the case with the attempt of Union Electric to distribute natural gas in St. Louis County, the delay is due to prohibitive terms. St. Louis is the nearest big city to the gas fields. It should be the greatest beneficiary of the natural gas development.

"KIN" HUBBARD.

With the death of "Kin" Hubbard (baptismal name Frank McKinney Hubbard) there passes an inspired contributor to the brand of humor recognized as typically American. For more than a quarter century he had polished up his pair of daily epigrams, drawn his gangling caricatures and issued his annual budget of Abe Martin's philosophy, to the accompaniment of chuckles and snorts from thousands of readers. Most often he punctured a current pretense, laid bare a foible of fashion or hurled a pungent criticism against the contemporary scene in a single homely sentence; as, for instance: "Another Indiana bank wuz looted yesterday, this time by bandits," and "Miss Fawn Lippincott went 't' the city 't' day 't' match a goldfish."

James Whitcomb Riley, a fellow Hoosier, appraised "Kin" Hubbard's writings as "a kind of comical mixture of horse-sense and no sense at all." His gallery of characters, from their birth in the Indianapolis News in 1894, had grown into an extensive rural community, divided between sages and dimwits, including such originals as Bootlegger Ike Lark, Constable Nip, Arm of the Elite Drug and Sandwich Shop, Hon. ex-Editor Cale Fluhart, Doc Mopps, ex-Farmer Jake Bentley and many another. In Abe Martin's wise reflections one found the colloquialisms of Artemus Ward and Josh Billings, the exaggerations and understatements of Mark Twain, the insane nonsense of Bill Nye and the merry ridicule of Mr. Dooley. "Kin" Hubbard's mellow humor and his blasts against bunk will be sadly missed.

A POET IN THE WHITE HOUSE.

Christmas gifts to the White House employees were accompanied by a piece of verse which Mrs. Hoover is credited with writing. The First Lady of the Land is to be congratulated. Her verse is real poetry.

JEWS IN THE STORY OF AMERICA.

Faneuil Hall, where our liberty was cradled, was a fitting place for the celebration in commemoration of the 275th anniversary of the settlement of Jews in this country. The very discovery of America by Columbus and the earliest expeditions and attempts at settlement are intimately connected with Jews and their history. Three Jews urged upon Queen Isabella the importance of Columbus's plans, and they were instrumental in raising funds for the voyage. The expense of the second trip was almost entirely defrayed from money derived from confiscated properties of Jews. At least five Jews accompanied Columbus, and one of them, Luis de Torres, the interpreter, is said to have been the first European to step on American soil, and the first to discover the use of tobacco.

From the arrival of the earliest Jewish settlers in New Amsterdam in the time of the unfriendly Peter Stuyvesant, throughout our history the race has filled an important role in both public and private life. Beginning with Judah Mosis, who took the chair of Hebrew in Harvard in 1722 and held it for 42 years, its members have adorned our scholarship most brilliantly. Today one of the greatest of them sits in the Supreme Court (Justice Brandeis); a veteran fighter for the people in the lists of the law, during the Revolution Jews were among the chief patriots. Haym Salomon, Robert Morris' right-hand man in providing finances for the straitened Government, also lent to individuals in need, among them James Madison. More than 7000 Jewish soldiers fought in the Civil War.

In his message to the anniversary meeting, President Hoover said the Jewish people "have thrown

themselves wholeheartedly into the task of the nation's upbuilding. In every national crisis they have shown their loyalty and devotion to the home of their choice, and they have made valuable contributions in every worth-while field of endeavor." The President did not go too far. St. Louis, by its own experience, knows that.

TRAGEDY OF CAHOKIA MOUNDS.

Immediately across the Mississippi River from St. Louis is the most interesting group of aboriginal mounds remaining in America north of Mexico. The center mound, which is 102 feet high, originally dominated a group of more than 70 mounds within a radius of three miles.

One of these outlying mounds is now being removed to reclaim the site for farming. The owners have a steam shovel at work, and every time the shovel goes down the past comes up. Nothing sacred to a prior time remains sacred to ourselves. Thus the steam shovel scatters bones, beads, urns, artifacts and all else buried there perhaps thousands of years ago. In Asia Minor, in Southern Europe, in Africa, in Mexico, and in many other parts of the world, the relics of the past are being conserved with a tenderness that is one of the best characteristics of our time. Last summer there were 19 scientific expeditions from American educational institutions, working in Yucatan alone. Yet the very mounds from which St. Louis is known as the Mound City are being shoveled off the face of the earth to make room for more truck gardens.

It took 20 years to make the great Cahokia Mound a State property. Except for the unselfish labor of a few people, Illinois would not now extend a protecting hand over this greatest of all our Northern American earthworks. Unfortunately, not all the mounds in the group belong to the State. Perhaps it is too late to hope that any great part of them will be preserved. One by one they get in the way of potato patches and strawberry beds, and one by one they fall before the remorseless steam shovel.

It is a tragedy. In the early days of St. Louis a beautiful mound stood approximately at the present intersection of Mound Street and Broadway. It was one of the landmarks of old St. Louis, an almost perfect cone rising from the crest of the west hill in all the old historical prints. It got in the way of Broadway, and it, too, was shoveled down. The Cahokia mounds are the most interesting archeological exhibit in the United States. They are so far being older than the cliff dwellings and the Southwestern pueblos. Over there was an ancient and populous community which cultivated the fields of the river bottoms. That community enriched the Stone Age in North America with the flint hoes and spades with which it tilled the soil.

To stand upon Cahokia Mound, and then to stand upon the Pyramid of the Sun outside of Mexico City, is inevitably to relate the two structures. Both were made by the same people. Those people plainly came to the Western Hemisphere over the Kamchatka Peninsula. They left in Korea and Kamchatka the same mounds they left in St. Louis. Down in Mexico they have a Federal archeological director whose business it is to preserve all such aboriginal things. With us a mound in the Cahokia group is only what a former Speaker of the Illinois Legislature called "an old hill of dirt." We make great difficulty over weighing one of them successfully against more cowpots or carrots, as if either cowpots or carrots eventually counted in the appraisal of any age. Another time, we feel quite sure, will condemn us for not having preserved these structures. Making short shift of us, it will wish to know more of the people before us. Why not think of this before we set more steam shovels upon others of the Cahokia mounds?

EVOLUTION AND ANTI-EVOLUTION.

The American Civil Liberties Union, having been beaten, foot, horse and gun, in the Scopes "monkey" trial at Dayton, Tenn., now purposes to take up the fight in a new sector with a test case in Arkansas. The good, if any, will come by indirection.

The law-making power is vested in the Legislature, limited only by the State and Federal constitutions. The Legislature controls the public schools as it governs any other factor in the public well. Any other theory is untenable. If a State cannot control its own schools, who or what body can?

So absurd as are the anti-evolution statutes of Tennessee, Arkansas and some other districts, there is really nothing direct that can be done about them. But does not legend recite that once upon a time a State Legislature solemnly "repealed" the law of gravity, and that another, to make arithmetic easy for the children, ordained that pi—3.1416—was too complex for computing the circumference of a circle and knocked off the fraction to make it an even 3? These manifestations of backward statecraft have long since been erased from the books. The slow but sure advance of education turned the trick. The evolution of education may reasonably be expected to solve the anti-evolution problem.

BASEBALL AT COLLEGE.

While baseball continues to draw enormous crowds and to keep up widespread interest in the seasons of the professional leagues, its standing as a college sport is indicated by the decision of Purdue University to discontinue that branch of athletics. Football for many years has been the major college sport, and the expense of maintaining other athletic activities has been paid largely by its gate receipts.

In the face of baseball's firm hold as the national game, its minor standing at college may seem something of a paradox. Not, however, when one considers the campus calendar, for that is the chief obstacle confronting it. The baseball season opens in April, near the end of the scholastic term. It reaches its height when the school year's closing activities—final exams, farewell parties, commencement—are filling the collegiate mind. The professional baseball season is still on when school opens in the fall, but by that time the whirl of preparation for football has commenced.

Further, professional baseball has too firm a hold to permit much public interest in the collegiate game, while amateur football by far overshadows the doings of the professional gridiron game. Although many a star has graduated from the collegiate diamond to the big league, baseball may be expected to remain a minor college sport. Doubtless there will be other schools that will seriously consider following the Purdue example.

And speaking of party regularity, did Mr. Hoover's distinguished Secretary of Agriculture support the Republican candidate for President in 1912?



"GET NORRIS, HE ISN'T ONE OF US."

Holding Companies and Utility Control

Holding companies now virtually control utilities; how to regulate them is major problem, for they operate out of state, away from supervision of public service commissions; new legislation and pooling of information among states required; better personnel, free from politics, and larger appropriations for boards also urged.

William E. Mosher, Director School of Citizenship and Public Affairs at Syracuse University, in State Government.

WITHIN the past few years, holding companies have flourished to such an extent that at the present time they may be said to dominate the administration of our public utilities. Independent operating companies have become the exception rather than the rule in the more thickly populated sections of the country.

Holding companies have served a most useful purpose, in that they have introduced the methods of modern management into the utility industry, but they have also succeeded in concealing basic costs, a knowledge of which is essential to full regulation. Since they are outside the pale of public control, some of them have been able to capitalize utility stocks far beyond their real value.

It has been urged frequently that the public service commissions have no reason for undertaking the supervision of holding companies, because all the transactions of the operating subsidiaries are subject to control. But when it is considered that many holding companies own the majority, if not all of the voting stock of their operating companies, it is obvious that they have become, for practical purposes, operating agencies themselves.

As is well recognized, regulation is not simply a matter of legislation. Apart from the problems raised by holding companies and those involving Federal control of interstate commerce, the shortcomings of utility regulation are to be ascribed to the administration of the laws, rather than to a lack of legislative powers.

Defective administration seems to be chargeable to two conditions. The first is that appointments to public service commissions are frequently dictated by political or personal considerations, and not infrequently by utility influences, rather than the fitness of the appointee for the intricate and highly technical demands of the position. There are exceptions to this sweeping generalization, but generally speaking, the influences suggested, together with short terms, rapid turnover in office and inadequate salaries, go far toward explaining the inadequacy of regulation. They are responsible in no small measure for the growing dissatisfaction with utility supervision.

Second, state legislatures have often been penurious in financing their commissions. This has resulted in a staff personnel which often lacks the requisite technical training and experience, and almost universally is inadequate in size. Lack of staff necessarily results in perfunctory and routine administration, absence of initiative and progressiveness; in other words, a virtual stagnation of policy.

Some of the more enlightened utility leaders have expressed the opinion that the one alternative to public regulation is public ownership. In order to avoid this, they have urged a hearty co-operation of utility companies with the public service commissions. In this they are undoubtedly wise. It will not be disputed that the companies have evaded, and can still evade, control to a large extent if they see fit to do so.

The writer has no desire to cry alarm, but he is moved to point out that such a situation will ultimately lead to drastic action, regardless of its costs or consequences, unless satisfactory regulation is generally evolved. It can hardly be said that regulation has been tried and found wanting. It may rather be said that it has not yet been tried.



WASHINGTON, Dec. 27.

ONE of the most familiar figures around Washington in both official and social circles is John Barton Payne, chairman of the National Red Cross. Although he now is past 75, that bent for hard work and thought has not lessened. Payne has been a lift him from poverty to plenty and from obscurity to fame still is evident.

Back in the days when Payne was chairman of the Shipping Board, he won for himself quite a reputation as a quick "Yes" and "No" man. That is, his decisions were made quickly and he would waste no time in explaining them.

Whenever Payne is mentioned, the story still is told in the capital of an encounter with J. P. Morgan, today, that will induce him to vote with them in organizing the next Senate.

Brookhart had offered to vote with the Democrats if they will cooperate to put an end to what he called "McDonnellism." The offer, made after the elections, attracted considerable interest because of the close line-up in the next Senate.

He, and other Republican insurgents could give control of the Senate to the Democrats.

Brookhart said the Democratic party apparently has "the same sort of leadership as the Republican party." He added he did not intend to "jump out of the frying pan into the fire."

"So far they have announced no program," he said. "The Democratic party seems to be wanting to avoid responsibility and the party will not trust any party that wants to take it."

Brookhart said the much talked of co-operation between the Republican and Democratic parties is simply bi-partisan Wall Street talk.

"It is the same we have had all along," he said. "Nearly all laws which are oppressing the people today were passed by this bi-partisan co-operation."

Partisan popularity, he said, places party above country and I think is treason to the country. Party policy should always be subordinated to national policy."

A. L. SCHWEITZER TESTIMONIAL DINNER AT JEFFERSON TONIGHT

About 300 Persons Expected at Gathering to Honor Retiring Prosecuting Attorney.

A testimonial dinner to Albert L. Schweitzer, who will retire to private law practice Jan. 1, after eight years as Prosecuting Attorney, will be held tonight at Hotel Jefferson. About 300 persons are expected to attend.

HARD TEST FOR BOBBY.

From the Detroit News.

THEY say in the last 10 years Bobby Jones has assumed pretty good command of his temper, but wait till a Hollywood director begins telling him how to play golf.

Of Making Many B JOHN G. NEIHARDT

A Likeable War Book

BARON FRITZ. By Karl Federn. Translated by Donald Douglas. (Farrar and Rinehart, Inc., New York City, \$2.50).

"Baron Fritz," Dr. Karl Federn, an Austrian author, presents an anecdotal narrative happily different from the deluge of war novels depicting the drabness and general horror of the trenches. General "Baron Fritz," based on the autobiographical notes of a German officer of international ancestry and a sense of humor, primarily is the life of a man affected by the war rather than the war in general. One of the reactions of the war is a thoroughly engaging figure in a peace time setting, for while in the theater of conflict he does it with the roar of cannonade and the blasts of propaganda. His destiny, however, is decided for him.

The young Baron, a Captain in time of war, nonchalant, debonair, with a whimsical viewpoint lancing straight to the irony of international warfare, serves first on the Polish front and moves finally to the Western front where he meets his death in a characteristic personal enterprise, as purposeless as many of the marches he describes. Apart from its interest as a human chronicle, seasoned by wit, "Baron Fritz" presents the war in well balanced periods, free from the overshadowing spectre of horror. Horror has its place, it is a necessary aspect of the pomp and circumstances of war and some of the real graces of conflict are brought out also.

In short, Baron Fritz, sees the war from the viewpoint of an intelligent human being, blessed with originality of thought and an appreciation of the humanities, rather than the findings of the intelligence and the secrets of the sentimentalists. Baron Fritz does not become disillusioned; the conduct of war but confirms his previous viewpoint. The likeable young Captain is worth knowing.

S. H. McCULLOCH.

SEEKING FRANCE. By E. M. Newman. (Funk & Wagnalls, New York, \$4).

SEEKING SPAIN AND MOROCCO. By E. M. Newman. (Funk & Wagnalls, New York, \$5).

These are the sixth and seventh volumes of the author's "Travelogue" series, which includes, besides these, Egypt and the Holy Land, Italy, Russia, Germany and England and Scotland.

"Seeking France" the author has tried to see the places which visitors themselves most generally visit, and the most common descriptions are enlivened by side-lights, anecdotes and bits of folk lore and history. The 418 pages are packed with half-tone reproductions of photographs.

The author's opinion of the 215 illustrations show the progress and rebuilding after the war.

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Schweitzer, who was not a candidate for re-election, will be succeeded by Harry P. Roscan, former Police Judge.

tions of photographs, most of them the author's original views. Among the 318 illustrations are many that show the progress of restoration and rebuilding after the war.

The Spain that the author presents is a country of natural scenic beauty, architectural splendor and fascinating people, entirely different from the indolence and taking on the way of progress. A trip to Morocco first is advised, because Moorish architecture is almost everywhere evident in Spain. There is an enlightening chapter on the reproductions of the works of famous artists, and one telling of a visit to the famous Museo del Prado. Bull fighting is of course described and pictured.

Each of the volumes is of equal interest to those who have visited these countries and those who contemplate visiting them, and take the place of travel for those to whom travel is denied.

F. A. BEHYMER.

BABER, FIRST OF THE MOGULS. By Fernand Grenard. (Robert M. McBride & Co., New York City).

During the years that Columbus was discovering America and the Spanish were exploring the new continent, Baber was making himself ruler of all northern India. This achievement was not easy. It was reached after many years of warfare—Baber was extremely old when he began his fighting and he continued to fight to the time of his death, which occurred at the early age of 48. Fernand Grenard's account of the mogul's struggles will be extremely interesting and profitable to the historian and to the person who concerns himself with the affairs of India; to the general reader, however, the book may seem dull. The author makes no attempt to give a discernible, to do more than give in detail and with no embellishments the story of the prince's victories and defeats. He does tell one or two stories. It is true of Baber's life, but he takes care to let us know they are probably only legends and deserving of little credence.

R. A. RANDOLPH.

THE CONQUEST OF CALIFORNIA. By William B. Gross. (The Stratford Co., Boston, \$2.50).

The author wanted to tell the true story of the Franciscan padres who devoted their lives to the regeneration of the California Indians, so he gathered all the information that could be gleaned from the padres' personal letters and diaries and wrote about the facts of war of romance. As to the great battle of the Land, which California's unknown hero, Juan Estevan Rocha, with three soldiers—a blacksmith, a carpenter and a priest—and two boys stood off and fought an army of over 800 armed savages through the night, finally forcing them to disperse, the author wants it understood that this is fact, and not fiction.

TWO-CENT PASSENGER RATE ON 4 DIVISIONS OF ST. PAUL

Railroad Seeks to Learn If Lower Rate Will Successfully Combat Bus Competition.

CHICAGO, Dec. 27.—Plans to inaugurate a passenger rate of two cents a mile on four divisions of the St. Paul Railroad, to see if the lowered fare will successfully combat motor competition were made public today by H. E. Pierpont, vice president in charge of traffic for the Chicago, Milwaukee, St. Paul & Pacific Railroad.

The new rate, he said, will be put into effect Jan. 1 on divisions in Wisconsin, Minnesota and Iowa. The present rate is three and six-tenths cents a mile.

None of the divisions is on a main line, Pierpont said, however, that if the experiment succeeded it would be extended eventually to include the main lines. "It is primarily a service to give the local traffic which the motor bus has caused railroads everywhere to lose," Pierpont said.

CREDITORS SUE JEWELRY FIRM

File Bankruptcy Petition Against Kirsch Company.

Three creditors, with claims totaling about \$3000, filed an involuntary bankruptcy petition in Federal Court yesterday against the Kirsch Jewelry and Novelty Co., in the Arcade Building.

The petitioning creditors, Abbott-Beebe Co., Armbrust Chain Co. and Martin Copeland Co., all of Providence, R. I., allege the Kirsch company committed an act of bankruptcy last month in giving the Franklin-American Trust Co. preferred treatment by taking up a \$500 note. David Kirsch, president of the company, could not be reached.

Funeral of William Heintz. Funeral services for William Heintz, president of Heintz Steel & Manufacturing Co., since its incorporation six years ago, will be held at 2:30 p. m. Monday at Pilgrim Evangelical Lutheran Church, with interment in New Bethlehem Cemetery. Mr. Heintz, who was 47 years old, died of pneumonia yesterday at his home, 5773 Floyd avenue. He is survived by his widow, two daughters and a son.

Harold Lloyd Hoping for a Boy. By the Associated Press. BEVERLY HILLS, Cal., Dec. 27.—Mr. and Mrs. Harold Lloyd say they are preparing for an addition to their family, "some time early in March," said Mrs. Lloyd, the former Mildred Davis. "I hope it's a boy," the movie comedian said. The Lloyds have two daughters, Mildred Gloria, 4, and her adopted sister, Marjorie Elizabeth, 5.

Byrne Made Commander in Navy. Lieutenant-Commander John C. Byrne, former St. Louisan, has been promoted to the rank of commander in the United States Navy. He is on the way to China. A son of the late Charles Byrne, Commander Byrne attended the old Christian Brothers' College here, later entered the Naval Academy at Annapolis. He is a nephew of Patrick J. Byrne, supervisor of the plant department of the Southwest Bell Telephone Co.

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Earthquakes in Alaska. KODIAK, Alaska, Dec. 27.—Three distinct earth shocks were felt here yesterday, the last of such intensity that buildings were shaken and dishes fell from shelves. The earthquakes began at 2:19 a. m.

Daily Article by Calvin Coolidge

(Copyright, 1930.) NORTHAMPTON, Mass., Dec. 27.

FEAR is not only contagious but reaches our representatives. It affects the neighbors and has reaction on the office-holders. That will be the great difficulty with the Congress and with all the State legislatures. Something is the matter with the country and they will all feel an irresistible temptation to try to provide a remedy. That would be fine if they had any such power. But only the people themselves have the power to work out of their difficulties which they can best do without legislative interference.

The trouble is that efforts will be made to save a situation by legislation when no legislation can save it. In general we may expect to see many proposals to increase expenditures of public money when high national and higher local taxes have been a great contributing factor to the present situation. When the country needs the courage and confidence that relief from high taxes would give, increasing appropriations only add to the discouragement. What a refreshing spectacle it would be if a little band of office-holders would announce they were ready to risk defeat by resisting these unsound proposals. The whole country would rally to their support.

—CALVIN COOLIDGE.

COMMERCE GROUP FOR STATE POWER CONTROL

Vote Also Favors Sale or Leasing of Muscle Shoals Plant.

By the Associated Press. WASHINGTON, Dec. 27.—Private operation of power facilities and regulation of them as far as possible by the states is favored by members of the Chamber of Commerce of the United States.

This organization today made public the results of a referendum on the power question among commercial organizations and trade associations belonging to the national chamber.

The vote was 2316 to 63 for the proposition "that the Federal Government should leave to the states all possible control over utilization of water resources within the states."

A vote of 2158 to 679 was registered in favor of the proposal "that interstate power, so far as now incapable of regulation by states, should be regulated through concurrent action of state agencies made effective by the Federal Power Commission, and only in the event of failure of concurrence on the part of the state agencies should be regulated directly by the Federal Power Commission."

The proposition "that municipal-operated utilities should be subjected to the same regulation as privately operated utilities was approved 2596 to 226."

The chamber voted 2640 to 157 that the Muscle Shoals project should be "sold or leased, as is, on the best possible terms."

JOS-PH DARST ASSERTS REALTY FIRM IS SOLVENT

Declares Charges of Mismanagement Made in Receivership Suit, Are Unfounded.

A statement that his company is solvent and that charges of mismanagement are unfounded was issued today by Joseph Darst, real estate dealer, following the filing in Circuit Court yesterday of a suit for a receiver for the Joseph Darst Realty Co., and the Darst Realty Co.

"The only reason I can find for the suit is an attempt by some one to profit at the expense of the firms. If the case ever comes to trial we will have no difficulty in proving that the action is unwarranted," Darst said.

The suit was filed by Richard J. Klor, who describes himself as treasurer of the Joseph Darst Realty Co., and holder of stock valued at \$5000, and William Kinney and Mrs. Emily E. Vogel, described as creditors with claims totaling \$6200. A hearing will be held before Judge Hogan Jan. 5.

MASS BY BISHOP OF KANSU

The Rt. Rev. Theodore Buddenbrock, Bishop of Kansu, China, will celebrate the 11 o'clock mass tomorrow at St. Nicholas Catholic Church, Nineteenth street and Lucas avenue.

Bishop Buddenbrock has been a missionary in China for 35 years. His diocese lies far in the interior, the journey from the coast usually requiring about 60 days. He will arrive from Chicago tonight and will remain until Tuesday at the St. Nicholas rectory, 1827 Lucas avenue.

Funeral of William Heintz. Funeral services for William Heintz, president of Heintz Steel & Manufacturing Co., since its incorporation six years ago, will be held at 2:30 p. m. Monday at Pilgrim Evangelical Lutheran Church, with interment in New Bethlehem Cemetery. Mr. Heintz, who was 47 years old, died of pneumonia yesterday at his home, 5773 Floyd avenue. He is survived by his widow, two daughters and a son.

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French Steamer on Rocks. SAN SEBASTIAN, Spain, Dec. 27.—The French steamer Bougainville lay on the rocks in the channel at the entrance to Port Pasaia Harbor today in imminent danger of breaking up after grounding last night in a storm. Several ships have gone to her aid. The Bougainville is a steel vessel of 7110 tons.

Greek Premier Leaves on Tour. By the Associated Press. ATHENS, Greece, Dec. 27.—Premier Venizelos left today on a visit to Warsaw, Vienna and Rome with the announced purpose of exchanging relations of the recent Greco-Austrian treaty of amity and arbitration. He will stop at Belgrade and visit King Alexander and Foreign Minister Marinkovich.

Church Notices. CHRISTIAN SCIENCE. THE CHURCHES NAMED BELOW ARE ALL BRANCHES OF THE MOTHER CHURCH, THE FIRST CHURCH OF CHRIST, SCIENTIST, IN BOSTON, MASS. Subject of the Lesson-Sermon at each church: "Christian Science."

SUNDAY SERVICES ARE HELD AT THE FOLLOWING CHURCHES: FIRST CHURCH—Kirkwood and Westinburg: 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. READING ROOM—5009 Delmar Blvd.: 9 a. m. to 9 p. m. daily, except Wednesdays. SECOND CHURCH—2324 Washington Blvd.: 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. READING ROOM—Church office, 2 to 4, except Sundays and holidays. THIRD CHURCH—3224 Russell Blvd.: 10:45 a. m. and 8 p. m. READING ROOM—Same location, 12 to 4 p. m., except Sundays and holidays. FOURTH CHURCH—5569 Page Blvd.: 11 a. m. and 7 p. m. Morning service broadcast, station KMOX, under auspices of Churches of Christ, Scientist, St. Louis and St. Louis County. READING ROOM—5451 Page Blvd.: 9 a. m. to 9 p. m. daily, except Wednesdays. FIFTH CHURCH—Arkansas and Potomac: 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. READING ROOM—Same location, 2 to 4 p. m., except Sundays and holidays. SIXTH CHURCH—3730 Natural Bridge: 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. READING ROOM—Church office, 12 to 4, except Sundays and holidays. SEVENTH CHURCH—6100-6102 Grand Boulevard: 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. READING ROOM—6102 S. Grand Blvd.: 1 to 4, except Sundays and holidays. EIGHTH CHURCH—Shelker Road and Webster Blvd.: 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. READING ROOM—6201 Alexander Drive, Week days, 1 to 4 p. m., except Wednesdays. Saturday and holidays, 12 to 4 p. m. WEDNESDAY EVENING LITURGICAL MEETING: 8 o'clock. READING ROOM—1063 Railway Exchange Building, 9 a. m. to 9 p. m. daily, except Wednesdays, 9 a. m. to 9 p. m.; Sundays and holidays, 12:30 to 3:30 p. m.

"THE TROUBLE WITH ART" John Keating Says It Has to Carry on Its Back Dealers and Critics. By the Associated Press. NEW YORK, Dec. 27.—John Keating, Irish painter, who wears a blue flannel shirt and hates "arty" people, diagnosed yesterday, as he prepared to return to Dublin, the troubles of art.

"The trouble with art," he said, "is that it has to carry on its back a load of museum curators, dealers, critics and cognoscenti. The result is a structure of humbug, cant and argot that actually has nothing whatsoever to do with art itself." Keating came here for an exhibition of his works. He has been here three weeks and he said he had found New York as near to the limit of impossibility as could be imagined. And London, he added, has all the disadvantages of New York, with none of the advantages. "I am not kind," he said sadly. "I cannot suffer fools gladly."

Dr. John F. Herdlicka Dies. Dr. John F. Herdlicka, 2544 North Grand boulevard, died of a complication of diseases at his home today. He was 65 years old and had practiced dentistry in North St. Louis for 25 years. Funeral services will be held tomorrow afternoon at 3 o'clock at the Kron undertaking establishment, 2707 North Grand boulevard. The body will be taken to St. Vincent O., his former home, for burial Monday. His widow survives.

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Novel Discoveries Made in Excavation of Burial Platform in Indian Mound on East Side

Archeologists Say It Is Unlike Any Other Explored—Fine Pottery Shards Uncovered.

A material addition had been made to the meager store of knowledge of the great Cahokia group of mounds, G. W. Clancy, field assistant to Director A. R. Kelly of the Illinois Archeological Exploration, said today upon completing excavation of a burial platform in Indian mound.

This mound, originally loaf-shaped, 49 feet high at one end, 50 at the other and covering one and one-half acres is being cut on two sides by steam shovel to reach the land for cultivation on the Powell brothers' truck farm, on Collinsville road three miles from East St. Louis.

The group of mounds centering about the huge Cahokia Mound, third largest of the sort in the world, was erected at an unknown time.

An earthen ceremonial platform was excavated in a tumulus about a mile east of Indian mound several years ago by Prof. Warren K. Moorehead, under the sponsorship of the University of Illinois and Eastern institutions. It, however, was altogether different from this platform, which was found to have had come to the archeologist's knowledge. Clancy troweled out a section 6 by 8 feet by hand, making a thorough determination of its elaborate structure and obtaining samples for study.

The platform, which was originally 15 by 30 feet in extent, was uncovered 20 or 25 feet below the top of the mound, and in the exact center.

Clancy came upon a very thin woven mat of what appeared to have been cornhusks or some broad-bladed grass. Below this was a layer of bark, disintegrated to a powder. Then came three or four layers of shells, in uniform length of about two-fifths inch, and in regular rows. Then there was another layer of bark, which covered bones, disintegrated and compressed into a mat. The bones rested on another layer of bark.

The tunkers of bark and shells covered the southwest part, leaving bare a section of the burial platform on the north side. Here the excavators came on two sticks of what seemed to be cedar, respectively two and four feet long.

Their position formed adjacent sides of a rectangle, and Clancy judged the beads were made of the thick inner core of conch shell, rather than ivory, which the beads resembled.

He was inclined to doubt that any of the beads in this mound were of ivory. These were discs, one to one and one-half inches in diameter, one-half to three-fourths inch in thickness and pierced through the center.

Beneath the shell blanket at one point were found three slender sticks of the same wood as the frame. These lay horizontally. Charred bones, and charred roots of human teeth, also were found. No flint artifacts were unearthed.

Chips of flint were discovered, but there was no indication that they had ever been worked.

Scattered through the earth above the platform, however, were found potsherds which Clancy described as distinctly high-grade. Some of the fragments had a red tint, covering of very fine clay as a finish.

Fragmentary bits of copper, corroded to a bright green and about a quarter of an inch thick, were found, in addition to the copper-sheathed spindles found in the first mound of the mound, and in regular rows. Then there was another layer of bark, which covered bones, disintegrated and compressed into a mat. The bones rested on another layer of bark.

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MORE ON 'OVRA,' HOW IT PROTECTS FASCIST REGIME

Italian Secret Police, Working Under Mussolini, 'Strikes Guilty Before They Can Budge.'

Special Cable to the New York World and Post-Dispatch.

ROME, Dec. 27.—The function of the secret police force, operating directly under Mussolini as Minister of the Interior, is the protection of the Fascist system. The force is known as the Ovra, the word formed from the initials of Organizzazione Vigilanza Reservata, or Association of Watchful Reserve.

Although a secret police always has existed in Italy the announcement of the new organization has increased the anxiety in the popular mind.

The semi-official Tribuna publishes an editorial saying: "Plotter's eyes are ready to act in the name of the state. The Ovra steps in before crimes are committed, not afterwards. The police in the Fascist state do not have to work as under a liberal, democratic regime in the bare of political and journalistic uproar. It is silent and active, striking down the guilty before they have had a chance to budge. Then it is for the high tribunal to have its say."

Broad Authority of Ovra. The Ovra has ample authority to work independently of the regular intelligence system.

Its first weeks of operation the Ovra rounded up 27 men and women charged with conspiracy. They are awaiting trial before the high Fascist tribunal for the defense of the state. That body is composed of Fascist officers in uniform and resembles a court-martial.

Friends and relatives of the prisoners fear they will be sentenced to the penal island.

Among those arrested were Ernesto Rossi of Milan, who tried to escape by jumping from the train while on his way from Rome.

The Ovra is acting against a group which is charged with circulating chain letters against Fascism among persons arrested was Lillian De Bosis, widow of Dr. DeBosis, translator of Shelley. She was born in St. Louis. She is widely known in the intellectual world of Italy and in the American colony.

Her son, Mauro, a professor at Columbia University, as far as anyone was aware in Rome, both DeBosis before his death, and his wife were staunch Fascists.

Mrs. DeBosis was acquitted a few days ago of a charge of conspiracy in sending anti-Fascist literature.

Members of a Communist gang, which officials say was preparing to celebrate the anniversary of the march to Rome, have been arrested. The names and number of those taken is secret. All that is known is that they are from the province of Romagna in Northern Italy where Mussolini was born.

Prof. Renzi, also arrested, is an old Socialist professor who harbored Mussolini in his home years ago. At the time of his arrest, the government stated Mussolini's gratitude had saved Renzi on a previous occasion. It seems to have gotten him off again

EASTERN STAR

RANKING STARS OF COUNTRY TO BE IN LINEUPS OF RIVAL TEAMS

PROBABLE LINEUPS

	Position.	West.
East.		
1. Baker, North-western	1. E. McKalla, Oregon St.	
2. Labratorich, Wis. I.	2. Broadwater, Neb.	
3. Harris, Colgate.	3. G. Becker, California	
4. Mann, Fordham C.	4. Atkins, Tex. Christian	
5. Woodworth, North-western	5. G. Koch, Baylor	
6. R.		
San Ribber, Furber	7. T. Speidel, Olympic Cl.	
8. R.	8. E. F. Wilson, Olympic Club	
Gantenheim, Wisc. R.	9. F. Wilson, Baylor	
1. Baker, Pitts. G.	10. F. Wilson, Texas I.	
2. Broder, North-western	11. H. H. Mills, Oklahoma	
3. Hart, Colgate.	12. H. H. Mills, Kansas	
4. Marshall, Colgate.	13. Bates, West-Ends	

By the Associated Press.
New York, Nov. 27. —
Jacobus of the United
Brethren, defending an
first, would win a

Near Stadium today in the sixth annual renewal of San Francisco's children charity classic. Proceeds of the game go to the Shriners' Crippled Children's Hospital.

The Easterners had the opportunity of balancing their record of wins and losses. For the first three years, the Western eleven was victorious, while the Easterners have won the last two.

Some speculation favored the East. Its squad such stars as Len

Macaluso, Colgate fullback and high scorer of the East; Hank Brader, Northwestern halfback center; Tony Siano, powerful Fordham center; George Van Bibber, Purdue tackle, and many others.

The West looked to its aerial attack for its offensive threat, although the line crashing ability of "Jarring Jim" Bausch, University of Kansas fullback, was not discounted.

Strategic Set Victories

Kendall H. Crawford, Tenn., was the favorite to advance to the title game, but he had all trouble with round opponent, Larry of Johns Hopkins.

Cram took the first, Palitz evened the 6-4 triumph in the However Palitz was the final and Cram Jack Lobell, Fran

Coaches of nine squads were cautious in their pre-game statements.

Andy Kerr, Colgate mentor, speaking for the East, said, "we have the best Eastern team in the history of the Shrine game, yet I hesitate to say we will win Saturday. We hope to get the 'break' that I believe will eventually decide the issue."

Percy Lacey of the San Francisco Olympic Club, and co-coach of

S. defeated Francis timore, 6-3, 8-6 in match in the boys'...

Irving Blum, Bal ed Joseph Feldman, H. S. 6-1, 6-3, round of the boys'...

Holmes Op Chicago

As Westerners, announced, "we have lost two straight games to the East. We must win this one. I think that old saying about teams that won't be beaten ain't been beaten" will hold good today. I have never seen a squad of men do more fighting spirit than this Western team."

**All-Notre Dame Eleven
to Play a Picked Team.**

By the Associated Press.
LOS ANGELES, Dec. 27.—Football players of the Notre Dame team will play a picked team of Los Angeles players in the first game of the season at the Los Angeles Coliseum at 8 p. m. tomorrow.

Midwest and from the South, will attempt to turn the admitted difficult task of defeating an All-Notre Dame aggregation. Under their head mentor, Knute Rockne, the team has a collection of 1929 and 1930 ex-Ramblers, performing under the direction of "Rock's" assistant coach, "Dunk" Anderson is favored to win a highly contentious fight at a well-kept 40-0.

The Rambler backfield has all the requisites. Jack Elder will

Wooster Lamberts, able bowling during seasons have stamped of the finest tenpins the city, despite his lack of experience, perfect 300 score in a year as well as a recorded in Peter League, which he is a member of.

Jim Wilson of the Chevrolet team will cheer in tomorrow

finish the speed, Joe Savoldi the blocking power, Frank Carideo the blocking punch, George and Marty Williams the steady hands, and Bill what blocking? A sturdy line and Carideo fall to deliver.

For the All-Stars Russ Saunders, former Southern California line crusher, and "Pest" Welsh, Purdue's ace, are in line for the brunt of the ball carrying.

Probable lineup:

Offensive Line	Pace
O'Brien	Caraway
O'Dell	Carraway
O'Neil	Marek
Wright	Fell

By Associated Press

[illegible]

Committee of the Japan Lawn Tennis Association today named a 1931 Davis Cup team composed of Tetsuichi Harada, Hyotaro Sato and Jiro Sato. Japan again will challenge in the European zone, a practice inaugurated last year. Harada and Hyotaro Sato were members of the 1930 team, but Jiro Sato will be new to Davis Cup competition.

Jiro Sato, Waseda University

an undeniable claim
for a position in the 1931 team by
capturing the national singles title
in the all-Japan tournament in No-
vember.

Bowling Teams Meet.

The Charlotte team will bowl
the last half of its match against
the Century Aflie five at Heidel's
Bowling Parlor tomorrow after-
noon at 2:30 o'clock. The Century
boys enjoy a slight lead of 12 pins.

ENARO BOUT EASTERN

Edill Takes Tut's

on Arena Program

Chicago boy who has lost but four bouts in his career, designed by Matchmaker Lew Raymond to take the King Tut on the Jackson Johnson Legion Post at the Arena, Friday night. He meets Jackie Bradshaw taken off the program yesterday when he was found to be a badly bruised eye.

The younger as a fighter of the Kid Berg type, a very busy glove thrower, but not a brawler. He is expected to report today.

Davey Abad and Mickey Cohen, two of the principals on the card, arrived yesterday and both will work out today. Bushy Graham is expected today in time to get some action at the National Gymnasium. The card brings together Brady and Medill; Eddie Ryan and Tommy Grogan; Andy Martin and Eddie Shea; Marty Fields and Joe Rivers; Davey Abad and Jackie Bradshaw; Lou Terry and Sam Offerman; Mickey Cohen and Spug Myers.

Is Over Quintet

School crushed by case last night. The team and Carley field goal for the first time in the game. The team's first game was a 10-0 victory over the first game in the series. The team's first game was a 10-0 victory over the first game in the series.

Winnepeg Hockey Star Signs With St. Louis Club

By the Associated Press. WINNEPEG, Man., Dec. 27.—Bill Kendall, forward of the Elmwood Millionaires' team of the Winnipeg Senior Hockey League, yesterday signed to play with the St. Louis Flyers, a team in the American Hockey League.

Kendall left here last night for St. Louis.

CARLTON RUNS 100 IN 9.6 SECONDS; NEW AUSTRALIAN RECORD

By the Associated Press. SYDNEY, Australia, Dec. 27.—J. A. Carlton, who was Australian champion in the 100-yard dash at the 1928 Olympic games, yesterday broke the 100-yard dash record when he won the distance in 9.6 seconds. He was running against a slight breeze.

Carlton was not a conspicuous performer in the Olympics at Amsterdam in 1928. He was second in his first trial heat and was eliminated in the second series of trials.

His time equals the former world's record, which stood for many years until displaced officially last May by the action of the International Amateur Athletic Federation in recognizing the mark of 9.6 seconds, made by Eddie Tolan of Michigan. Since then a mark of 9.2 seconds by Frank Wykoff of Southern California has been approved by the Amateur Athletic Union of the United States and is expected to be given international endorsement.

ASSOCIATION TO HOLD SPECIAL MEETING TO DISCUSS THE DRAFT

By the Associated Press. CHICAGO, Dec. 27.—Final official peace between the leagues and the American Association was delayed today by George E. Muehlebach, president of the Kansas City club, who demanded a special meeting of the A. A. club to reconsider the recent mail vote accepting the universal draft.

Thomas J. Hickey, president of the American Association, already had filed the major league's draft proposals with Commissioner Kenesaw M. Landis, when Muehlebach presented his protest. Consequently, the notice given the commissioner was hurriedly withdrawn.

The draft proposal was carried by a vote of five to three in the Louisville referendum. Kansas City, Louisville and Minneapolis voted against its acceptance.

SOUTHWEST MISSOURI BASKETBALL RESULTS

SPRINGFIELD, Mo., Dec. 27.—Southwest Missouri basketball games last night follow: Stockton, 25; Humansville, 14; Marshfield, 25; Quapaw, 20; Buffalo, 25; Preston, 14; Walnut Grove, 44; Morrisville, 24; Collins, 30; Branson, 15.

Japanese Tennis Body Picks Davis Cup Team

By the Associated Press. TOKYO, Dec. 27.—The executive committee of the Japan Lawn Tennis Association today named a 1931 Davis Cup team composed of Kiyoshi Harada, Hyotaro Sato, Kiyoshi Sato, Japan again will represent the European zone. Harada and Hyotaro Sato were members of the 1930 team. Sato will be new to Davis Cup tennis.

Waseda University was made an honorable claim to the national tennis team by the national tennis team in Japan.

Bowling Teams Meet

The Charlotte team will bowl the first half of its match against the Century Alley five team against the Century Alley five team tomorrow afternoon at 2:30 o'clock. The Century team is expected to win by a slight lead of 12 pins.

NED BRANT AT CARTER

A Story of College Athletics

By BOB ZUPPKE

AS MANY OF NED BRANTS CLASSMATES AS COULD BE ASSEMBLED IN FIVE MINUTES RUSHED TO STAVE OFF WHAT APPEARED TO BE NED'S DEFEAT FOR THE JUNIOR CLASS PRESIDENCY BECAUSE OF THEIR OVERCONFIDENCE.

WE'RE JUST IN TIME—THEY'RE PASSING OUT THE BALLOTS.

ARE THERE ENOUGH OF US?

ANOTHER FOR BRANT.

CRONE.

MEMBERS OF THE JUNIOR CLASS—I FIND THAT BY A MARGIN OF FIVE VOTES YOU HAVE ELECTED NED BRANT YOUR PRESIDENT.

THE NEW PRESIDENT WILL COME FORWARD AND TAKE THE GAVEL.

YEA-HA!

JACOBS IN 4TH ROUND OF JUNIOR TENNIS TOURNEY

By the Associated Press. NEW YORK, Dec. 27.—William Jacobs of the University of Pittsburgh, defending champion and first seeded player, led five other favorites into the fourth round as play was resumed in the second day of the national junior indoor tennis championship tournament here today.

Jacobs breezed through his match with Fred Kaplan of Far Rockaway High School, New York, winning 6-0, 6-1.

Marcel Hecht, Sidney Seligson, Robert O. Bacon Jr., and Giles Verstraten were other seeded favorites to advance by virtue of straight set victories.

Kendall H. Cram of Nashville, Tenn., fifth seeded star, was the only favorite to advance early who had any trouble with his third round opponent, Lawrence Palitz of Johns Hopkins University. Cram took the first set, 6-4, and Palitz evened the match with a 6-4 triumph in the second set. However Palitz was worn down in the fourth and Cram won 6-2.

Jack Lobell of Far Rockaway H. S. defeated Francis Berman, Baltimore, 6-3, 8-6 in a first round match in the boys' singles.

Irving Blum, Baltimore, defeated Joseph Feldman, Dewitt-Clinton H. S., 6-1, 6-0, in the second round of the boys' tournament.

Holmes Opposes Chicago Ace in Pin Match Today

Frank Kartheiser of Chicago, former world's match play champion and a member of the famous Windy City, will appear at the Washington Alloys in a series of three special pin matches today and tomorrow.

In the first match, which will start at 8 p. m. tonight, Kartheiser will tackle Ray Holmes of the Wooster Lambers, whose remarkable bowling during the past two seasons have stamped him as one of the finest tenpin prospects in the world, despite his lack of match play experience. Holmes has a perfect 300 score to his credit this year as well as a 774 series record in Peterson's Scratch League, which he is leading with a 215 average for the season.

Jim Wilson of the South Side Chevrolet team will oppose Kartheiser in tomorrow afternoon's games, starting at 2 o'clock, while in the final 10-game series tomorrow evening at 8 p. m. Otto Cheater, Arthur C. Philadelphia, will be the Chicago star.

All matches will be 10 games and will be rolled on the fourth floor of the Washington Alloys.

MARYVILLE TEACHERS GAIN 42ND STRAIGHT BASKETBALL VICTORY

MARYVILLE, Mo., Dec. 27.—Maryville Teachers defeated Greeley (Colo.) Teachers last night, 27 to 18, for Maryville's forty-second consecutive victory.

The ransy Coloradoans jumped into a lead at the start of the game, but were soon overtaken. Maryville second stringers were sent into play in the closing minutes of the first period, and Greeley's lead was erased.

Finley, Maryville forward, was high point man with four field goals. V. Olander led the visitors with six points.

PLAYER IS AWARDED \$6250 IN HIS CLAIM AGAINST ATLANTA CLUB

AUBURN, N. Y., Dec. 27.—John H. Farrell, secretary of the National Association of Professional Baseball Leagues, announced here last night he had awarded Luke C. Appling, former member of the Atlanta baseball club, \$6250 in his claim against that club.

Applying, a year out of college, was playing for Atlanta when he was sold to the Chicago Americans in a deal which involved money and players. He was promised a percentage of the purchase price, but the club and he could not agree on the total.

PHIL RILEY IS ACTING HEAD OF SOCCER LEAGUE

By Dent McKimmin.

The designation of Winton E. Barker as president of the St. Louis Soccer League was formally accepted at a meeting of the stockholders of the Soccer and Exhibition Co., at Fairground Hotel last night. Barker's retirement was made known early yesterday. His reason for stepping out for nearly 30 years, as set forth in his letter of resignation was ill health and pressure.

No new president was named at last night's meeting. Instead, the league treasurer, as acting chairman of the board of directors, The Famous Sparta Club of Chicago will play an exhibition game here on New Year's day. The regular league program of two games will be played tomorrow, the first meeting of the Hurlings in the game with Oscar Mossman opposing the Ben Millers in the second game with Jimmy Dunn in charge.

In selecting the St. Louis team to oppose Sparta, the league managers retained intact the all-star eleven which beat the Bricklayers on Christmas day. This means that La Barge, Nolan and Hand, Benoit, Lehman and Hill; Brenig, Flavin, Ahrens and Pastor will start. In addition there will be available Halfbacks O'Hara and Burke and Forward Moore.

FREEMAN SOUGHT FOR TITLE BOUT WITH BERG

By the Associated Press. CHICAGO, Dec. 27.—The Chicago Stadium is negotiating for a title bout between welterweight champion Tommy Freeman and Jackie 'Kid' Berg of England, for a February date.

The bout, if it goes through, will be Freeman's first defense of the title won last summer from young Jack Thompson, Oakland, Cal. Negro, at Cleveland.

NATIONAL LEAGUE FIELDING RECORDS

National League fielding records for the 1930 season are divided into two groups, the first containing players who were at one position in 10 or more games, and the other showing those in less than 10 games; leadership at each position being based on 100 games or more.

Charles J. Grimm, Chicago, is the leading first baseman with a percentage of .946. Hugh M. Critz, Cincinnati-New York, is the leader among the second basemen, with .942. Earl J. Adams, St. Louis, leads the third basemen, with a mark of .966. Walter J. Maravich, Boston, is the shortstop leader, with a percentage of .965. Walter H. Roettger, New York, has the highest average of the outfielders, with .989, and had the most passes batted, 10. Twenty-two pitchers fielded for 1000, but Raymond C. Phelps, Brooklyn, was the leader, handling 53 chances without error.

Charles H. Klein, Philadelphia right fielder, set a new league record for assists, with 44. The former record was 39, made by Michael F. Mitchell, Cincinnati, in 1907.

Pitcher Kenneth L. Ash, Cincinnati, in the role of relief pitcher against Chicago on July 27, was credited with a victory although he pitched only one ball. In the sixth inning of this game, Ash relieved Benton with two men on base, and threw one ball to the batter, Grimm, who grounded into a triple play. Cincinnati scored four runs in their half of the inning, taking the lead, and Kolp pitched the remainder of the game, but Ash received credit for the victory.

CLUB FIELDING

Club	G.	DP.	TP.	PO.	A.	E.	TC.	Pct.
New York	154	14	2	1138	4088	1875	164	.924
Cincinnati	154	14	2	1137	4088	1875	164	.924
Boston	154	14	2	1137	4088	1875	164	.924
St. Louis	154	14	2	1137	4088	1875	164	.924
Philadelphia	154	14	2	1137	4088	1875	164	.924
Chicago	154	14	2	1137	4088	1875	164	.924
Brooklyn	154	14	2	1137	4088	1875	164	.924
Pittsburgh	154	14	2	1137	4088	1875	164	.924
Cleveland	154	14	2	1137	4088	1875	164	.924
Washington	154	14	2	1137	4088	1875	164	.924
San Francisco	154	14	2	1137	4088	1875	164	.924
Los Angeles	154	14	2	1137	4088	1875	164	.924
San Diego	154	14	2	1137	4088	1875	164	.924
Portland	154	14	2	1137	4088	1875	164	.924
Seattle	154	14	2	1137	4088	1875	164	.924
San Francisco	154	14	2	1137	4088	1875	164	.924
Los Angeles	154	14	2	1137	4088	1875	164	.924
San Diego	154	14	2	1137	4088	1875	164	.924
Portland	154	14	2	1137	4088	1875	164	.924
Seattle	154	14	2	1137	4088	1875	164	.924

INDIVIDUAL FIELDING

Name and Club	Throws	G.	PO.	A.	E.	TC.	Pct.
Crawford Clifford R. N. Y. 13 Cinn. R.	12	118	11	1	1	130	.992
Strupp, Joseph V. Cincinnati	12	118	11	1	1	130	.992
Adams, Earl J. St. Louis	12	118	11	1	1	130	.992
Maravich, Walter J. Boston	12	118	11	1	1	130	.992
Roettger, Walter H. New York	12	118	11	1	1	130	.992
Phelps, Raymond C. Brooklyn	12	118	11	1	1	130	.992
Phelps, Raymond C. Brooklyn	12	118	11	1	1	130	.992
Phelps, Raymond C. Brooklyn	12	118	11	1	1	130	.992
Phelps, Raymond C. Brooklyn	12	118	11	1	1	130	.992
Phelps, Raymond C. Brooklyn	12	118	11	1	1	130	.992

THIRD BASEMEN

Name and Club	Throws	G.	PO.	A.	E.	TC.	Pct.
Dressen, Charles W. Cincinnati	10	24	30	1	1	35	1.000
Moore, George E. Cincinnati	10	24	30	1	1	35	1.000
Moore, George E. Cincinnati	10	24	30	1	1	35	1.000
Moore, George E. Cincinnati	10	24	30	1	1	35	1.000
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Name and Club	Throws	G.	PO.	A.	E.	TC.	Pct.
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Moore, George E. Cincinnati	10	24	30	1	1	35	1.000

COACHES LEAVING NO GROUNDS FOR ALIBI AFTER THE ROSE BOWL GAME

By the Associated Press. PASADENA, Cal., Dec. 27.—Coach Orin "Babe" Hollingbery today burned every bridge of alibi behind himself and the Washington State team which meets Alabama in the Tournament of Roses game here New Year's day.

Not that the Cougars ever expected they would need to resort to explanations, for nothing except victory is contemplated. Their mentor has gone out of his way to destroy all possible avenue of retreat, should defeat come.

"I am not losing any sleep," he said this morning, "over the physical or mental condition of my players. Their confidence has not been shaken by prevailing odds reported in favor of Alabama."

Weather conditions, he said, will make no difference. "My team is becoming thoroughly acclimated. This weather is the same we had to cope with when practice opened last fall."

Constant warming up of paw receivers and senders in previous sessions creates the belief Washington State may show a barrage over the Crimson tide Jan. 1.

Coach Wallace Wade contemplated a morning workout, in order to allow his team to take a peek at Notre Dame's stars of 1929 and 1930 in action at a charity game yesterday. Then the Southern gentlemen snapped through a dummy scrimmaging which caused their coach to feel that at last they had shaken off the effects of their country jaunt. He has been grossing his kickers overtime duty both on punting and place kicking, with John "Hurricane" Cain holding the top honors.

Alabama probably will not work out Sunday, but will put on the finishing touches Monday and Tuesday between sight seeing excursions.

While the ticket sale picked up sharply after Christmas, it is doubtful if the 85,000 seats for the game will be completely sold out.

NORTHWESTERN ELEVEN DREW 194,000 PERSONS

CHICAGO, Dec. 27.—The business depression hasn't caught up with football receipts at Northwestern University.

The Wildcats, in five home games, drew 194,000 spectators with receipts of \$376,000. It was announced today, The average attendance was above that of 1929 when the receipts were \$427,000, and the attendance 219,000 for six games at home.

Hockey Six on Tour

By the Associated Press. CHICAGO, Dec. 27.—St. Mary College of Winona, Minn., will open a six-game hockey invasion of foreign fields tonight, meeting the Cork County American Legion sextet in the Chicago Stadium. The team, Tech, Yale University and the Princeton team, will appear in Madison Square Garden, New York, against the Crockett A. C.

Racing Results

At Jefferson Park. Weather clear; track good.

FIRST RACE—Six furlongs: Zella (H. Simpson), 4.40; 4.30; 3.00; 2.50; 2.40; 2.30; 2.20; 2.10; 2.00; 1.50; 1.40; 1.30; 1.20; 1.10; 1.00; 0.50; 0.40; 0.30; 0.20; 0.10; 0.00.

SECOND RACE—Six furlongs: Zella (H. Simpson), 4.40; 4.30; 3.00; 2.50; 2.40; 2.30; 2.20; 2.10; 2.00; 1.50; 1.40; 1.30; 1.20; 1.10; 1.00; 0.50; 0.40; 0.30; 0.20; 0.10; 0.00.

THIRD RACE—Six furlongs: Zella (H. Simpson), 4.40; 4.30; 3.00; 2.50; 2.40; 2.30; 2.20; 2.10; 2.00; 1.50; 1.40; 1.30; 1.20; 1.10; 1.00; 0.50; 0.40; 0.30; 0.20; 0.10; 0.00.

FOURTH RACE—Six furlongs: Zella (H. Simpson), 4.40; 4.30; 3.00; 2.50; 2.40; 2.30; 2.20; 2.10; 2.00; 1.50; 1.40; 1.30; 1.20; 1.10; 1.00; 0.50; 0.40; 0.30; 0.20; 0.10; 0.00.

FIFTH RACE—Six furlongs: Zella (H. Simpson), 4.40; 4.30; 3.00; 2.50; 2.40; 2.30; 2.20; 2.10; 2.00; 1.50; 1.40; 1.30; 1.20; 1.10; 1.00; 0.50; 0.40; 0.30; 0.20; 0.10; 0.00.

SIXTH RACE—Six furlongs: Zella (H. Simpson), 4.40; 4.30; 3.00; 2.50; 2.40; 2.30; 2.20; 2.10; 2.00; 1.50; 1.40; 1.30; 1.20; 1.10; 1.00; 0.50; 0.40; 0.30; 0.20; 0.10; 0.00.

Racing Results

At St. Johns. Weather clear; track good.

FIRST RACE—Six furlongs: Zella (H. Simpson), 4.40; 4.30; 3.00; 2.50; 2.40; 2.30; 2.20; 2.10; 2.00; 1.50; 1.40; 1.30; 1.20; 1.10; 1.00; 0.50; 0.40; 0.30; 0.20; 0.10; 0.00.

SECOND RACE—Six furlongs: Zella (H. Simpson), 4.40; 4.30; 3.00; 2.50; 2.40; 2.30; 2.20; 2.10; 2.00; 1.50; 1.40; 1.30; 1.20; 1.10; 1.00; 0.50; 0.40; 0.30; 0.20; 0.10; 0.00.

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FOURTH RACE—Six furlongs: Zella (H. Simpson), 4.40; 4.30; 3.00; 2.50; 2.40; 2.30; 2.20; 2.10; 2.00; 1.50; 1.40; 1.30; 1.20; 1.10; 1.00; 0.50; 0.40; 0.30; 0.20; 0.10; 0.00.

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SECOND RACE—Six furlongs: Zella (H. Simpson), 4.40; 4.30; 3.00; 2.50; 2.40; 2.30; 2.20; 2.10; 2.00; 1.50; 1.40; 1.3

CORN CLOSING AFTER LOWER RANGE

ST. LOUIS-MERCHANTS' EXCHANGE, Dec. 27.—Corn futures recovered an early decline today and closed 1/2 c. to 1/4 c. higher. Comment was heard on comparative primary receipts. The early setback was in face of announcement that outlet for corn had been created by removing discrimination against corn sugar in matter of labeling. May wheat closed unchanged and July 1/4 c. higher. Winnipeg rebounded some after establishing 50-cent wheat. Wheat started out unchanged, but July soon sold net lower. Winnipeg closed 1/2 c. to 1/4 c. higher.

May wheat opened at 79c, July wheat 61 1/2 c. May corn 67 1/2 c. and July corn 69c. Local wheat receipts which were 57,400 bu. compared with 57,400 bu. last week and 50,400 bu. last week. 20 car local wheat, 15 through, 5 car to 10 car, 500 bu. compared with 102,200 bu. last week and 127,200 bu. last week. 20 car local wheat, 15 through, 5 car to 10 car, 500 bu. compared with 102,200 bu. last week and 127,200 bu. last week.

CORN ADVANCES SHARPLY IN LATE CHICAGO TRADE

CHICAGO, Dec. 27.—Corn advanced sharply today toward the late, increased attention was given to new regulations permitting wider use of corn sugar. Rise of 1/2 c. to 1 c. was noted in late trading. Bottom quotations reached today for corn was 67 1/2 c. for No. 2, 68 1/2 c. for No. 1, 69 1/2 c. for No. 1 1/2, 70 1/2 c. for No. 1 3/4, 71 1/2 c. for No. 2 1/4, 72 1/2 c. for No. 2 3/4, 73 1/2 c. for No. 3, 74 1/2 c. for No. 3 1/2, 75 1/2 c. for No. 3 3/4, 76 1/2 c. for No. 4, 77 1/2 c. for No. 4 1/2, 78 1/2 c. for No. 4 3/4, 79 1/2 c. for No. 5, 80 1/2 c. for No. 5 1/2, 81 1/2 c. for No. 5 3/4, 82 1/2 c. for No. 6, 83 1/2 c. for No. 6 1/2, 84 1/2 c. for No. 6 3/4, 85 1/2 c. for No. 7, 86 1/2 c. for No. 7 1/2, 87 1/2 c. for No. 7 3/4, 88 1/2 c. for No. 8, 89 1/2 c. for No. 8 1/2, 90 1/2 c. for No. 8 3/4, 91 1/2 c. for No. 9, 92 1/2 c. for No. 9 1/2, 93 1/2 c. for No. 9 3/4, 94 1/2 c. for No. 10, 95 1/2 c. for No. 10 1/2, 96 1/2 c. for No. 10 3/4, 97 1/2 c. for No. 11, 98 1/2 c. for No. 11 1/2, 99 1/2 c. for No. 11 3/4, 100 1/2 c. for No. 12, 101 1/2 c. for No. 12 1/2, 102 1/2 c. for No. 12 3/4, 103 1/2 c. for No. 13, 104 1/2 c. for No. 13 1/2, 105 1/2 c. for No. 13 3/4, 106 1/2 c. for No. 14, 107 1/2 c. for No. 14 1/2, 108 1/2 c. for No. 14 3/4, 109 1/2 c. for No. 15, 110 1/2 c. for No. 15 1/2, 111 1/2 c. for No. 15 3/4, 112 1/2 c. for No. 16, 113 1/2 c. for No. 16 1/2, 114 1/2 c. for No. 16 3/4, 115 1/2 c. for No. 17, 116 1/2 c. for No. 17 1/2, 117 1/2 c. for No. 17 3/4, 118 1/2 c. for No. 18, 119 1/2 c. for No. 18 1/2, 120 1/2 c. for No. 18 3/4, 121 1/2 c. for No. 19, 122 1/2 c. for No. 19 1/2, 123 1/2 c. for No. 19 3/4, 124 1/2 c. for No. 20, 125 1/2 c. for No. 20 1/2, 126 1/2 c. for No. 20 3/4, 127 1/2 c. for No. 21, 128 1/2 c. for No. 21 1/2, 129 1/2 c. for No. 21 3/4, 130 1/2 c. for No. 22, 131 1/2 c. for No. 22 1/2, 132 1/2 c. for No. 22 3/4, 133 1/2 c. for No. 23, 134 1/2 c. for No. 23 1/2, 135 1/2 c. for No. 23 3/4, 136 1/2 c. for No. 24, 137 1/2 c. for No. 24 1/2, 138 1/2 c. for No. 24 3/4, 139 1/2 c. for No. 25, 140 1/2 c. for No. 25 1/2, 141 1/2 c. for No. 25 3/4, 142 1/2 c. for No. 26, 143 1/2 c. for No. 26 1/2, 144 1/2 c. for No. 26 3/4, 145 1/2 c. for No. 27, 146 1/2 c. for No. 27 1/2, 147 1/2 c. for No. 27 3/4, 148 1/2 c. for No. 28, 149 1/2 c. for No. 28 1/2, 150 1/2 c. for No. 28 3/4, 151 1/2 c. for No. 29, 152 1/2 c. for No. 29 1/2, 153 1/2 c. for No. 29 3/4, 154 1/2 c. for No. 30, 155 1/2 c. for No. 30 1/2, 156 1/2 c. for No. 30 3/4, 157 1/2 c. for No. 31, 158 1/2 c. for No. 31 1/2, 159 1/2 c. for No. 31 3/4, 160 1/2 c. for No. 32, 161 1/2 c. for No. 32 1/2, 162 1/2 c. for No. 32 3/4, 163 1/2 c. for No. 33, 164 1/2 c. for No. 33 1/2, 165 1/2 c. for No. 33 3/4, 166 1/2 c. for No. 34, 167 1/2 c. for No. 34 1/2, 168 1/2 c. for No. 34 3/4, 169 1/2 c. for No. 35, 170 1/2 c. for No. 35 1/2, 171 1/2 c. for No. 35 3/4, 172 1/2 c. for No. 36, 173 1/2 c. for No. 36 1/2, 174 1/2 c. for No. 36 3/4, 175 1/2 c. for No. 37, 176 1/2 c. for No. 37 1/2, 177 1/2 c. for No. 37 3/4, 178 1/2 c. for No. 38, 179 1/2 c. for No. 38 1/2, 180 1/2 c. for No. 38 3/4, 181 1/2 c. for No. 39, 182 1/2 c. for No. 39 1/2, 183 1/2 c. for No. 39 3/4, 184 1/2 c. for No. 40, 185 1/2 c. for No. 40 1/2, 186 1/2 c. for No. 40 3/4, 187 1/2 c. for No. 41, 188 1/2 c. for No. 41 1/2, 189 1/2 c. for No. 41 3/4, 190 1/2 c. for No. 42, 191 1/2 c. for No. 42 1/2, 192 1/2 c. for No. 42 3/4, 193 1/2 c. for No. 43, 194 1/2 c. for No. 43 1/2, 195 1/2 c. for No. 43 3/4, 196 1/2 c. for No. 44, 197 1/2 c. for No. 44 1/2, 198 1/2 c. for No. 44 3/4, 199 1/2 c. for No. 45, 200 1/2 c. for No. 45 1/2, 201 1/2 c. for No. 45 3/4, 202 1/2 c. for No. 46, 203 1/2 c. for No. 46 1/2, 204 1/2 c. for No. 46 3/4, 205 1/2 c. for No. 47, 206 1/2 c. for No. 47 1/2, 207 1/2 c. for No. 47 3/4, 208 1/2 c. for No. 48, 209 1/2 c. for No. 48 1/2, 210 1/2 c. for No. 48 3/4, 211 1/2 c. for No. 49, 212 1/2 c. for No. 49 1/2, 213 1/2 c. for No. 49 3/4, 214 1/2 c. for No. 50, 215 1/2 c. for No. 50 1/2, 216 1/2 c. for No. 50 3/4, 217 1/2 c. for No. 51, 218 1/2 c. for No. 51 1/2, 219 1/2 c. for No. 51 3/4, 220 1/2 c. for No. 52, 221 1/2 c. for No. 52 1/2, 222 1/2 c. for No. 52 3/4, 223 1/2 c. for No. 53, 224 1/2 c. for No. 53 1/2, 225 1/2 c. for No. 53 3/4, 226 1/2 c. for No. 54, 227 1/2 c. for No. 54 1/2, 228 1/2 c. for No. 54 3/4, 229 1/2 c. for No. 55, 230 1/2 c. for No. 55 1/2, 231 1/2 c. for No. 55 3/4, 232 1/2 c. for No. 56, 233 1/2 c. for No. 56 1/2, 234 1/2 c. for No. 56 3/4, 235 1/2 c. for No. 57, 236 1/2 c. for No. 57 1/2, 237 1/2 c. for No. 57 3/4, 238 1/2 c. for No. 58, 239 1/2 c. for No. 58 1/2, 240 1/2 c. for No. 58 3/4, 241 1/2 c. for No. 59, 242 1/2 c. for No. 59 1/2, 243 1/2 c. for No. 59 3/4, 244 1/2 c. for No. 60, 245 1/2 c. for No. 60 1/2, 246 1/2 c. for No. 60 3/4, 247 1/2 c. for No. 61, 248 1/2 c. for No. 61 1/2, 249 1/2 c. for No. 61 3/4, 250 1/2 c. for No. 62, 251 1/2 c. for No. 62 1/2, 252 1/2 c. for No. 62 3/4, 253 1/2 c. for No. 63, 254 1/2 c. for No. 63 1/2, 255 1/2 c. for No. 63 3/4, 256 1/2 c. for No. 64, 257 1/2 c. for No. 64 1/2, 258 1/2 c. for No. 64 3/4, 259 1/2 c. for No. 65, 260 1/2 c. for No. 65 1/2, 261 1/2 c. for No. 65 3/4, 262 1/2 c. for No. 66, 263 1/2 c. for No. 66 1/2, 264 1/2 c. for No. 66 3/4, 265 1/2 c. for No. 67, 266 1/2 c. for No. 67 1/2, 267 1/2 c. for No. 67 3/4, 268 1/2 c. for No. 68, 269 1/2 c. for No. 68 1/2, 270 1/2 c. for No. 68 3/4, 271 1/2 c. for No. 69, 272 1/2 c. for No. 69 1/2, 273 1/2 c. for No. 69 3/4, 274 1/2 c. for No. 70, 275 1/2 c. for No. 70 1/2, 276 1/2 c. for No. 70 3/4, 277 1/2 c. for No. 71, 278 1/2 c. for No. 71 1/2, 279 1/2 c. for No. 71 3/4, 280 1/2 c. for No. 72, 281 1/2 c. for No. 72 1/2, 282 1/2 c. for No. 72 3/4, 283 1/2 c. for No. 73, 284 1/2 c. for No. 73 1/2, 285 1/2 c. for No. 73 3/4, 286 1/2 c. for No. 74, 287 1/2 c. for No. 74 1/2, 288 1/2 c. for No. 74 3/4, 289 1/2 c. for No. 75, 290 1/2 c. for No. 75 1/2, 291 1/2 c. for No. 75 3/4, 292 1/2 c. for No. 76, 293 1/2 c. for No. 76 1/2, 294 1/2 c. for No. 76 3/4, 295 1/2 c. for No. 77, 296 1/2 c. for No. 77 1/2, 297 1/2 c. for No. 77 3/4, 298 1/2 c. for No. 78, 299 1/2 c. for No. 78 1/2, 300 1/2 c. for No. 78 3/4, 301 1/2 c. for No. 79, 302 1/2 c. for No. 79 1/2, 303 1/2 c. for No. 79 3/4, 304 1/2 c. for No. 80, 305 1/2 c. for No. 80 1/2, 306 1/2 c. for No. 80 3/4, 307 1/2 c. for No. 81, 308 1/2 c. for No. 81 1/2, 309 1/2 c. for No. 81 3/4, 310 1/2 c. for No. 82, 311 1/2 c. for No. 82 1/2, 312 1/2 c. for No. 82 3/4, 313 1/2 c. for No. 83, 314 1/2 c. for No. 83 1/2, 315 1/2 c. for No. 83 3/4, 316 1/2 c. for No. 84, 317 1/2 c. for No. 84 1/2, 318 1/2 c. for No. 84 3/4, 319 1/2 c. for No. 85, 320 1/2 c. for No. 85 1/2, 321 1/2 c. for No. 85 3/4, 322 1/2 c. for No. 86, 323 1/2 c. for No. 86 1/2, 324 1/2 c. for No. 86 3/4, 325 1/2 c. for No. 87, 326 1/2 c. for No. 87 1/2, 327 1/2 c. for No. 87 3/4, 328 1/2 c. for No. 88, 329 1/2 c. for No. 88 1/2, 330 1/2 c. for No. 88 3/4, 331 1/2 c. for No. 89, 332 1/2 c. for No. 89 1/2, 333 1/2 c. for No. 89 3/4, 334 1/2 c. for No. 90, 335 1/2 c. for No. 90 1/2, 336 1/2 c. for No. 90 3/4, 337 1/2 c. for No. 91, 338 1/2 c. for No. 91 1/2, 339 1/2 c. for No. 91 3/4, 340 1/2 c. for No. 92, 341 1/2 c. for No. 92 1/2, 342 1/2 c. for No. 92 3/4, 343 1/2 c. for No. 93, 344 1/2 c. for No. 93 1/2, 345 1/2 c. for No. 93 3/4, 346 1/2 c. for No. 94, 347 1/2 c. for No. 94 1/2, 348 1/2 c. for No. 94 3/4, 349 1/2 c. for No. 95, 350 1/2 c. for No. 95 1/2, 351 1/2 c. for No. 95 3/4, 352 1/2 c. for No. 96, 353 1/2 c. for No. 96 1/2, 354 1/2 c. for No. 96 3/4, 355 1/2 c. for No. 97, 356 1/2 c. for No. 97 1/2, 357 1/2 c. for No. 97 3/4, 358 1/2 c. for No. 98, 359 1/2 c. for No. 98 1/2, 360 1/2 c. for No. 98 3/4, 361 1/2 c. for No. 99, 362 1/2 c. for No. 99 1/2, 363 1/2 c. for No. 99 3/4, 364 1/2 c. for No. 100, 365 1/2 c. for No. 100 1/2, 366 1/2 c. for No. 100 3/4, 367 1/2 c. for No. 101, 368 1/2 c. for No. 101 1/2, 369 1/2 c. for No. 101 3/4, 370 1/2 c. for No. 102, 371 1/2 c. for No. 102 1/2, 372 1/2 c. for No. 102 3/4, 373 1/2 c. for No. 103, 374 1/2 c. for No. 103 1/2, 375 1/2 c. for No. 103 3/4, 376 1/2 c. for No. 104, 377 1/2 c. for No. 104 1/2, 378 1/2 c. for No. 104 3/4, 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No. 192 1/2, 642 1/2 c. for No. 192 3/4, 643 1/2 c. for No. 193, 644 1/2 c. for

Dec. 27.—Others
money but J. P.
has more home.
to be explicit—one
at Glen Cove,
Maryland, England

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STOCKS ARE HEAVY; LIST STIFFENS IN LATE TRADE

Substantial Selling Comes
Into Market Early, Sug-
gesting a Combination of
Both Tax and Bear Activ-
ities.

WHAT THE MARKET DID.

By Associated Press.

NEW YORK, Dec. 27.—The stock

market braced itself today, after

slipping close to the year's low

mark.

Substantial selling came into the

market during the first hour, sug-

gesting a combination of both tax

and bear selling, but the list stiff-

ened in the last half hour, and

ended slightly from the day's min-

imum levels. The market still

displayed a somewhat heavy tone at

close. Total sales for the two

day session aggregated 1,350,000

shares.

Net losses at the finish were

largely fractional, and a few shares

were higher. General Electric was

off, after declining a point to a

year low. Westinghouse Electric

ended 1/2 to a new bottom, and

ended off a point, near the

year low, while the steel stocks

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SHARES SOLD NEW YORK, Dec. 27.—

New York Stock Exchange reported 1,350,000 shares sold today, compared with 1,200,000 yesterday, 1,077,780 a week ago and 1,054,700 a year ago.

In 1930, 1,350,000 shares were sold, compared with 1,119,000 in 1929 and 1,054,700 in 1928.

(Copyright, 1930, Standard Statistics Co.)

COMPARATIVE STOCK MARKET AVERAGES.

50 Industrials. 20 Railroads. 90 Utilities. Total.

Saturday 115.0 98.7 150.3 117.3

Previous day 115.0 98.7 150.3 117.3

Week ago 119.7 93.2 157.3 122.3

Month ago 129.5 100.8 168.6 131.9

Year ago 164.1 127.1 198.8 164.1

Two years ago 131.7 103.3 191.0

Three years ago 147.2 122.8 136.7 139.8

High (1929) 112.9 96.4 146.8 114.7

Low (1929) 252.8 167.8 353.1 253.5

Low (1929) 141.8 117.7 156.3 140.2

TODAY'S NEW YORK STOCK MARKET

(COMPLETE)

SPECIAL ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.

TABLE SYMBOLS

(a) Partly stock. (b) Held in stock. (c) Partly bond.

(d) Cash or stock. (e) Partly cash or stock. (f) Partly cash or stock.

(g) Cash or stock. (h) Partly cash or stock. (i) Partly cash or stock.

(j) Cash or stock. (k) Partly cash or stock. (l) Partly cash or stock.

(m) Cash or stock. (n) Partly cash or stock. (o) Partly cash or stock.

(p) Cash or stock. (q) Partly cash or stock. (r) Partly cash or stock.

(s) Cash or stock. (t) Partly cash or stock. (u) Partly cash or stock.

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(hc) Cash or stock. (hd) Partly cash or stock. (he) Partly cash or stock.

**APARTMENTS FOR RENT
—FURNISHED**

4132 WASHINGTON
Furnished efficiency apartment; excellent condition; maid services; references required. \$38.50 monthly. Call
FRANKLIN 5070. (c8)

FLATS FOR RENT
North
ENTON, 1826—4 rooms, bath and electric; \$27.50. (c98)
KENNERLY, 39xx—3 rooms, electric; \$18, rent concession; moving arranged. Apply 3936C.
MONTGOMERY, 3204-3214—Three rooms, bath; rent concession; moving arranged; \$22.50.
EWESTAD, 4116A N—4 rooms, bath, electric; \$25; rent concession; moving arranged.

Northwest
CLDINE, 4544—New 3 rooms, tile bath, furnace. \$30; concession. DE1 0726 (c2).

ALIND, 4965-3 rooms, modern; near
Union Drive, General Motors; (ca)

South

CALIFORNIA, 3418-3 rooms, bath, \$20.
Call 7-1000.

HICKORY, 2543-4 1/2 new rooms, bath,
electric, gas, garage, \$20, Hilland #41
(cl)

Southwest

AACROFT, 5307-4 room efficiency \$30/
A No. 1, Call Riverdale 7501R. (ca)

SIPPECAVA, 5047A - 4 room efficiency;
Hilland #20, Call Riverside 317R. (ca)

UNION, 5344-Exceptional first floor
apartment, 2 bedrooms, hot-water heat,
conveniently located; reasonable. (cl)

West

BIDGE, 5096-3 rooms, bath, shades,
new floors, electric, gas water heater, white
kitchen, ref., reduced. (cl)

ABRAH AND PAGE, N E CORNER-New
Kaleidoscope, 2 bedrooms, garage, bath
at concession, moving arranged, \$30.
(cl)

FLATS FOR RENT—Furnished

North

RENT REFUSED

3 ROOMS, FURNISHED, \$27.50.
Close to downtown, close to schools, nicely
furnished throughout. Rent at \$2222 (rent)

West

WINTONCLAIR, 1382-2 bedrooms, over-
stuffed, phone, complete. Porets 4957.
(ca)

SUBURBAN PROP. FOR RENT

\$35 PER MONTH

1 bed. mod. 5-room bungalow or 5-
room house long-term and short-term. All im-
provements in what you will like it when you
see it. Call for further information phone #4
ext 668. (cl)

Richmond Heights

DODLAND DR, 1410-3 room modern;
clean; garage; \$47.50, Hilland #441.(cl)

University City

MILBERT, 7107—Modern 4 room efficien-

FRANCIS REALTY CO.,
804 Chestnut. Main 4407. (e35)
HERST. 7309—5 rooms, modern; re-
frigerator, garage. PARK. 7351. CA. 7771.
(c8)
A.T. To sublet attractive 2 family 2

water, G. E. electric refrigerator, gas stove, janitor service and garage will show you time, will vacate Jan. 10, Cahany Ave., 71464, Farmington. (c7)

Webster Groves

FOR RENT
#13 Oakwood av., 4 rooms, \$100 month, \$100 cash. #14 1/2 rooms \$65 month. #24 Elm place, 3 rooms, \$65 month. **WILLIAM GROVES TRUST CO.** (c7)

**HOUSES, FLATS, ETC.
FOR RENT, FOR COLORED**

ATTAGE-4 rooms, newly decorated; bathroom; bath; large corner lot; good neighborhood; want only \$100.00 a month with small family. 814 1/2 E. DOPPEL, 808 Chestnut, Cincinnati 3484. (c6)

TO LET—BUSINESS PURPOSES
Office Space
FURNISHED. Low rent; 133 E. 11th, only room #13. (c7)

REAL ESTATE
SUBURBAN PROP. FOR SALE

ARKWOOD—For complete list of homes, unity acreage and building lots see **ARKWOOD TRUST CO., REALTORS (e16)**

Webster Groves
for list and new map of Webster,
Missouri, call 781-1000. **Webster, Mo. Real Estate.** (c8)

APARTMENTS, FOR SALE
AGEMENT—New, 8-family, 5 rooms
apartment; owner 8145 Clayton, Highland
2, evenings 7 to 9 p. m. (c8)

REAL ESTATE FOR COLORED
GALWAL—Pretty 5-room brick, all
modern conveniences, bargain or sub-
stantial cash payment. **GRADY, Clerk**
3184. (c8)

FINANCIAL
LOANS ON REAL ESTATE
NEW LOANED—\$100,000 on improved
real estate, 10% to 12% lowest interest;
advance on rents, second deeds of trust,
N. & BLAKE & BRO., 815 Chestnut.
(c8)

—To loan in first class of trust
improved city real estate, 10% to 12%
advance on rents, second deeds of trust;
charge for making papers, also see
2101. (c8)

M. LEVY & CO., 109 N. 7th. (c15)

—Amount of money, first or second,
on improved city real estate, 10% to 12%
advance on rents, second deeds of trust.
(c8)

TRY TO LOAN—Will loan
deeds of trust, \$100 to \$400,00. Call
(c15)

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES
FINISHED — MANUFACTURING
CONSIGNEES INTERESTED IN PRODUCING
CASH FOR SALE. 111 RAYMOND, EX-
CHANGING BUILDING, BOX 4384, F.D. 11

CASH FOR SALE
BIBER SHOP — First-class, 5 chairs;
or equivalent, or cash. **Call 4-8-8.**
(c7)

STY SHOP—Good location, on South
First, near Broadway and 42nd, 100
feet. **Call 4-8-8.** (c7)

FINISH FLOORS—For sale only, call
for details. **Robertas Sales Co. 18th and
Broadway.** (c7)

SECTIONARY—And delinquency.
VERY good business. **IRVING, 8325.** (c2)

FRY STORE—New fixtures, Frigid-
aire, 1000 lbs. capacity, 1000 lbs. capacity,
1000 lbs. capacity. **Call 4-8-8.** (c1)

TABLE—Valuable, good, under
6501 Easton, Rivergreen. **Call 4-8-8.** (c1)

SAUNDRANT and CHILD PARLOR—
1000 lbs. capacity, 1000 lbs. capacity,
1000 lbs. capacity. **Call 4-8-8.** (c1)

FINISH HOUSE—13 rooms, all rented;
furniture; well equipped place; 4700
rent, net, 1000 lbs. capacity, 1000 lbs. capacity,
and ready to buy. **4206 Washington.**
(c8)

FINISH HOUSE—10 rooms, comfortably
furnished; rent \$40; poor income; \$200,
or less. **Call 4-8-8.** (c8)

TERMS ON PERSONAL PROPERTY
DEBTS WORRY YOU?
WE WILL LOAN YOU \$5000
PAID UP—All and give you 20
cents to pay up with interest at 2%
per month. **Call 4-8-8.** (c8)

Public Loan Corporation
1132 Ambassador Road,
St. Louis 8, Mo.
7190 Manchester,
Hiland 8006. (c8)

born Mrs. Emma Hinds. Mrs. Joseph
Hollywood, Cal.; dear grand-
mother, mother-in-law
died in her eighty-first year.
from Kriehausen's new funeral
South Kingshighway boule-
Monday, Dec. 23 at 2 p. m.
Mount Lebanon Cemetery. A mem-
St. Louis Council 1366 of Knights
of Security. (C7)

<p>Two automobiles in 1934 and 1935; owned by Mrs. J. E. Seward, 3328 Viola and 5509 1/2.</p> <p>RIST WATCH—Lost; initials on back of watch; J. E. Seward, 3328 Viola and 5509 1/2.</p> <p>RIST WATCH—Lost; lady's; Buholva; 2 diamonds; J. E. Seward, 3328 Viola and 5509 1/2.</p> <p>RIST WATCH—Lost; 2 diamonds; J. E. Seward, Prospect 7394.</p> <p>RIST WATCH—Lost; 2 and band diamonds; J. E. Seward; at Avalon; Grand 1109.</p>	<p>GIRL—White, experienced housekeeper; good hands; good cook; children, no cooking. Box H-168, P.D.</p> <p>GIRL—White; for cooking and housework; Webster 912.</p> <p>HOUSEKEEPER—Experienced; Swedish or Norwegian; good hands; good cook; and neat housekeeper; good home and family; apply in person at 418 Alcazar.</p>
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HOUSEHOLD GOODS FOR SALE

ORANGE—Two floors, new and excellent quality, lowest prices. Princeton, 6 Delmar. Open evenings. (c61)

ORANGE—Two floors, new and excellent quality. Used as a home. Offer 6 m. W. Webster 351. (c11)

SHERRS Electric, reasonable; repairs. Rose Sales, 5321 Gravelly. Mfr. 3104 (c53z)

ORANGE, 1912 — 2 large, clean, well furnished; sink range; adults. (c61)

ROOM—Kitchen privileges optional or will be used as a bedroom. Call 3571. (c12)

GRAND reasonable. Phos. 3371. (c12)

RUSSELL, 2614 — 2 connecting, nicely furnished; no other light housekeeper. (c61)

X. 5487 — Completely furnished
on efficiency: linen, dishes; rent \$50.
(c12)

X. 5481 — Attractively furnished of
pieces, complete. G. E. refrigeration;
complete. **Admission \$1.50** (c12)

027070 — Sixteen chairs; living
dressing room. Kitchenette; private
complete; references exchanged. \$15
(c8)

to pay monthly and advance two
months to pay with interest at 2 1/2
per cent monthly on unpaid balance.
Call, phone or write.

Public Loan Corporation
1135 Washington Bldg.
Garfield 7478
7100 Madison
Hiland 8300. (c8)

Contributions to Post-Dispatch Christmas Festival Fund

[illegible][illegible][illegible][illegible]

Popular Comics
News Photographs

SATURDAY, DECEMBER 27, 1930

WOMAN AMBASSADOR CALLS



Mme. Alexandra Kollontay, the Soviet's official representative in Sweden, has to return to Russia, because, it is said, she has paid too much attention to dress and social life propaganda.



MAKES COSTLY DEE
Miss Katherine Burrage of Boston, whose party, this month, established a record for the Bay State capital. Orchid plants value decorated the ball room.

LET'S BRING BACK PROSPERITY, NOW!

THIS message is addressed to the women of St. Louis
—to the buyers and home-makers of our city.

There exists here, as you know, a most unfortunate condition of unemployment which affects thousands of worthy, hard-working people who cannot find work to do. You have responded generously to appeals for their relief. Help they must have—and you have given it. But more than that, the one thing they need above all others, and must have, is **DAILY WORK.**

Most far-reaching of all useful activities in the restoration of employment is the Construction Industry. New building, and the improvement and repair of existing buildings, CREATE JOBS quicker and in a bigger way than anything else. In this more than in any other direction does money so spent go into wages—for Construction, generally speaking, is about 80% LABOR.

Today, all building costs are down to Bargain Levels. The savings over ordinary prices average about 20%. Anyone who builds, improves or repairs property now,

makes just that much PROFIT—for, as you well know, bargain prices are here today and gone tomorrow. And besides the personal advantage, anyone who has work of this kind done now, **CREATES A NEEDED JOB FOR SOMEONE.**

In and around your own home—as in every home—there are things of this kind you would like to have done. Perhaps the work is something that has long been needed. It may be large or small—that does not matter. But certainly somewhere, if you look about, you will be reminded of one or a dozen things that need doing, every one of which means work for someone. Why not have it done now at bargain prices?

It may be the repair of a roof, the resurfacing of a floor, an addition to the porch, a new bathroom, repainting or decorating; new electric outlets; an installation of weather-stripping or insulation that will quickly pay for itself—whatever it is, now is the time to do it because you can save money on it now.

Here, below, are a few of the many things which may be among your needs. Look over this list of suggestions, then get in touch with your architect, builder, contractor, carpenter or neighborhood store.

Outside Work

- | | |
|--------------------------------|-------------------------|
| New Structures | Porches and steps |
| Additions to present buildings | Foundations |
| Clearing premises | Brick and masonry work |
| Razing obsolete buildings | Cement work |
| Painting | Re-sodding |
| Roofing | Cleaning exterior walls |
| Guttering and downspouts | Tuckpointing |
| Screening | Caulking |
| Storm doors and windows | Patching |
| Walks | Fencing |
| Driveways | Landscaping |
| Garage | Inclosing porches |

Inside Work

- | | |
|--|-------------------------------|
| Painting | Weather-stripping |
| Papering | Tiling |
| Plastering | Glazing |
| Insulating walls | Cleaning |
| Flooring | Waterproofing basement |
| Plumbing repairs and new installations | Building a fireplace |
| Modernizing bathrooms | Insulating boiler and pipes |
| Heating | Refitting doors and windows |
| Woodwork | Patching plaster |
| Locksmithing | Installing partitions |
| Electrical work | Repairing stairs and railings |
| Switches | Remodeling attic |
| Floor and wall outlets | Subdividing basement |
| Wiring overhaul | |

This Advertisement Sponsored by the Firms and Individuals Listed Below

- Mississippi River Fuel Corp.
George D. Barnett
Architect
Building Trades Council
T. P. Barnett Co.
F. E. Rixmann, Pres.
Briner Electric Co.
S. S. Dowling & Co., Inc.
St. Louis Bread Co.
A. S. Aloe
E. F. Bisbee
Grocery & Baking Co.
Gideon-Anderson Co.
- Missouri Federation of Labor
Harland Bartholomew
Bricklayers-Stone & Marble
Masons Union
Geo. H. Broeker Cigar Co.
St. Louis Blue Print & Supply Co.
Acme Roofing Co.
Joint Council of Women's
Auxiliaries
Mrs. Mary E. Ryder, Pres.
Mrs. R. E. McClanshan, Secy.
Chippewa Trust Co.
Crowder Bros. Automatic
Sprinkler Co.
- John Hancock Mutual Life
Insurance Co.
Stability Leather Goods Mfg. Co.
Stiers Bros. Construction Co.
Chas. M. Hay
J. O. Chenoweth Dyeing &
Cleaning Co.
Carmichael-Cryder Co., Inc.
T. H. Garrett Lumber Co.
Bauman-Massa Jewelry Co.

